Preservation of the Teeth! OVERFIELD, will occasionally be found at Mr. Abell's Hotel. Persons who are disposed to employ bim, will please to leave word with Mr. Abell, and their calls shall be promptly attended to. Jan 26, 1843.—31\*

DENTISTRY.

he may be found at Carter's Hotel, during the In pleasing accents speaks His sovereign will, month of February, to attend in the line of his And bids the waters and the winds be still ! Jan. 12, 1843.

A CARD.

R. SNYDER has associated with him in the practise of Medicine, Dr. GERARD For ev'ry plaint we hear a joyful strain P. MASON. In case of danger, or difficulty, To him whose power, unbounded, rules the or four years they will attend jointly and without extra charge. Density professionally engaged.

January 19, 1843-3t.

### A CARD.

Dr. John S. Davis, FERS his Professional Services to the inhabitants of Kabletown and of its vici-John C.R. Taylor, Esq. He may be found at the residence of Dec. 22 1842 .- 7t

George Wm. Ranson,

Attorney at Law, MAS returned to Charlestown, with the view of attending exclusively to business Jefferson and the adjoining counties. Office in the White building East of Carter's Jan.5, 1843 .- if.

B. F. Washington, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, WILL practice in the Courts of Jefferson and the adjoining counties. Dec. 1 1842 .- tf.

RICHARD PARKER. ATTORNEY AT LAW.

TLL Practise Law in Jefferson, and the aboring counties. In the course town. Until then, he may be found on every Monday and Friday, at Carter's Hotel. 27-Address at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., or at Harpers-Ferry. Dec 22, 1842.-tf

JAMIES IE. STIEWARTS

business entrusted to his care. Office nearly opposite the store of Messrs. Wilson & Doll. March 24, 1842 .-- tf.

HATS, HATS, HATS

THE subscriber announces to his friends best Hats to be found in this neighborhood .-He invites all in want of Hats, to give him a call, as he intends selling cheap for cash, and no fair prices. Also Cash will be paid for Otter,

Muskrat, and Rabbit Skins. JOHN SCHLAGETER. Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 5, 1843.

#### WEBBEAR PAVE BOOK BINDER. WINCHESTER. VA.

NFORMS the citizens of Charlestown, and the adjoining country, that he is prepared to execute all orders in his line with neatness and

Books or orders left at the "Free Press" Office, will be attended to at all times. Aug. 18, 1842.-- tf.

### CHANDLEBY.

D. Wm. Luther, ESPECTFULLY informs the public that

lower than any other establishment in the have arrayed ourselves in opposition to the encroach- to regulate the currency of the country; nor has

Soap for Tallow, Lard, and Ashes. He invites the farmers and others to call at his establishment. Dec. 29, 1842 -3m.

### Mourcir.

THE undersigned will have their accounts

JOHN J. H. STRAITH. December 29.

### TAKE NOTICE.

When winds breath soft along the silent deep, The waters curi, the peaceful billow sleep, A stronger gale the troubled wave awakes, The surface roughens, and the ocean shakes ; More dreadful still, when furious storms arise, The mountain billows bellow to the skies; By liquid rocks the tott'ring vessel's toss'd, Unnumber'd surges lash the foaming coast; The raging waves, excited by the blast, Whiten with wrath and split the sturdy mast. R. McCORMICK respectfully informs the Then, in an instant,—He, who rules the floods citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that | Earth, air and fire, -Jehovah, God of gods! Hush'd are the winds, the waters cease to roar, Safe are the seas, and silent is the shore. Now say what joy elates the sailor's breast, With prosp'rous gales so unexpected blest: What care, what transport in each face is seen ! The heav'ns look bright, the air and sea serene!

main! Messrs. Editors : I shall make no apology for thus appearing our paper, in reply to a communication over the signature of Mechanic. I have a duty to perform to myself and the rest of the committee in repelling charges and assertions-as devoid of shame as they are of truth-which I shall fearlessly discharge. The writer of that article, no one can mistake in supposing, belongs to that party which has an almost prescriptive right to all the deceney and sense of the country, from the terms so often resorted to, such as impudence, effrontery and nonsense, to characterize some of the principles and doctrines expressed in the preamble and resolutions. And yet, Messrs. Editors, what a singular spectacle does he exhibit? He devotes nearly five columns of your paper in disproving what to his mind appears to be a budget of nonsense. So vast are the objections he raises, and so herculean the task of this mighty effusion, in his profession. He will attend the Courts in that at its conclusion he becomes tired, aye, sir, tired of the subject, before there is a single response to it. I shall not bandy epithets with this writer, or beome a stickler of terms. My object shall be to meet fiction with truth, assertions with proof, vainboastings and empty pageantry with open argument and fair dealing. I do not deem it necessary to make any reply to the commentaries of Mechanic. as to what passed in the committee in adopting the reamble and resolutions, because I do not consider t material to the matter in controversy. The first matter to which this critic calls our at-

tention is the very commencement of the address, which he says "is a pompous annunciation of the views it. Every expression of an assemblage of the people opposed to his party, has something about it harsh and grating to his ears. But he does not stop here—he enquires "Does any person deny the right of the people to assemble—have the Whigs ever of the people to assemble—have the Whigs ever of the people to assemble—have the Whigs ever of the people to assemble—have the United States until I found it could be not be enjoyed in life.—

The markets of Europe were naturally of the problem of the people to assemble and peo of a few days he will open an office in Charles- of the people to assemble-have the Whigs ever made in the belief that it might be inferred that the sought, and for a time the State stocks of all last year. If this was extravagance under his when I turned against it, is one of the basest ca-Whigs were opposed to meetings of the people."— descriptions were greedily taken. But, says administration, what is it now? Has it come lumnies ever uttered. Such must all pronounce ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Serious of a right to assemble, implies a charge against them. Perhaps his recollection is than honorable consolation to Mechanic, or any high minded American. What next, was the consequence of this inflated credit system?—

The next paragraph of the address, we consequence of this inflated credit system?—

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The next paragraph of the address. We consequence of the address.

The next paragraph of the address.

The next paragraph of the address. We consequence of the address.

The next p two ago, when they were in the minority, spent whole days and nights in speaking against time, enwhole days and nights in speaking against time, entwo in our domestic industry, in the wages of the sentransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange contransactions, in the wages of the decisions of the whole days and nights in speaking against time, endeavoring to stave off even the commonest appropriation bills, which were indispensable to the action of the Government and the interest of the people, now at home, and these excessive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. Our home, and these extensive uses of credit to retrieve their difficulty and economy. THE amoscriber announces to his friends dinary character—complex in their details, and in these United States are now indebted to Europe and the public, that he is manufacturing their operations vitally affecting the rights and interior the rights and interior their operations vitally affecting the rights and interior the rights and interior the rights and interior the rights and righ HATS of every style and description, at his Shop, at Harpers-Ferry, directly opposite R. D. Doran's store—where he keeps constantly on hand, and makes to order, the cheapest and course attempted to the Whigs) by their factious and disorganizing their operations vitally affecting the rights and interest of the community. Or, perhaps, his mind rescurred to the New Jersey case, or the disorganizing course attempted to the Whigs) by their factious and disorganizing course, attempted so to embarrass the operations of the system of Government, as either to render its administration utterly impracticable, or convertit into had continued to be the depository of the pubcall, as he intends selling cheap for cash, and no humbuggery. All Hats manufactured by the undersigned, are warranted in all cases.

All kinds of good Fur taken in exchange at State Legislatures, a settled determination either to carry their favorite measures, against the declared will of the people, or to put a stop to all legislation have added fue! to the flame, and would have whatever, by descring their seats, and thus produc-

say that there is not a preconcerted plan to resist the will of the people? Mechanic next adverts to that part of the address which says that the majorities in Congress have widely departed from the republican simplicity and purithe Democratic party have trodden under foot all the maxims and principles of that distinguished the maxims and principles of that distinguished ed, that at every step of banking excess Statesman, it is wonderful with what tenacity they and contractions, it was the first to take the stick to his name;" and concludes by saying "that | lead - was this not the case in 1817, in 1818, their pretended homage is nothing more than con-cealed profanation." This charge comes with peculiar grace from one of the Federal clique, from one of that party which has out federaled even federalism itself in its palmiest day. We shall in the first place deny the truth of this statement in every particular, and as Mechanic knows the fact so positive- having so vast a capital, and strengthened by ESPECTFULLY informs the public that the public that he has established himself in the Chandlery Business in the large Stone House in South Bolivar, where he would be pleased to receive the patronage of the public. He will always have on hand, CANDLES and SOAP of the very best description, and will pledge himself to sell have been unmanly and unjustifiable. If however, to best description, and will pledge himself to sell have arraved ourselves in opposition to the general ticular, and as Mechanic knows the fact so positive-the uniforms the public that the evidence, on which this vague, general, unfounded charge is made. He has made it without qualification, and we deny it most proudly and triumphantly, and the issue is before the public. Let him produce his proof or in default thereof, acknowledge his course to have been unmanly and unjustifiable. If however, to regulate the currency of the country; nor has ments of the Federal Government upon the rights of the sale as I am advised, been found operating the Will pay cash, or exchange Candles or the will pay cash, or exchange Candles or the National character to avow, such as a Bank of the U. States, a National it proved unable to keep off a suspension of Debt, a Distribution measure, and a high Protective specie payments, which lasted for nearly a quar-Tariff. If to have resisted these measures be the head and front of our offending, and if these are the ious to the charge, and we glory in it.

measures of Thomas Jefferson, then we are obnox-The undersigned will have their accounts I shall now proceed to that portion of the address that refers to the causes of the financial and comry, and as they have not had a settlement since mercial revulsions of 1837, and 38. The task of ment, as I wish a general closing to the end of ly for me, Mechanic has descended to specifications had its origin in a course of business commenced and has attempted to trace this ruin and embarrass- while it was a national institution, and is there ment of the country to the old hero in his struggle no good reason for supposing, that the asme THOSE persons inducted on Book Account to La R. Robinson, are earnessly requested to call on his successors, (the undersigned,) and settle on A many of the secount have a set he height of its power, had the converge to grapple, "If this is the true in the detacted and the settle on the successors, (the undersigned,) and settle on A many of the secounts have been ready for each of the secount between the settle of the second between the settle of the second between the settle of the settle of the second between the settle of the settle of the second between the settle of the settl and against me. All persons having accounts against me individually, or as Administrator, are requested to bring them forward for settle-

the enormous sum of 95 millions in eighteen months.

Surely, surely, this was an unerring presage—a cerpriations, such as the inquisitorial committee me to say, that the slander uttered by you, that Surely, surely, this was an uncerting presage—a certain and indubitable symptom of those scenes, decolaing scenes of revulsion, which were to follow six

ions, and thus from the known excessive profits of banking, in this country, engendered an appetite for the multiplication of bank charters. This was the true cause of the inordinate increase of banks, and is not to be traced, as Mechanic supposes, to the polit-cal movements of the party then in power. And although the god-like, the inspired prophet, Daniel Webster, solemnly and prophetically warned Van Buren, who was then President of the Senate, we who claim the right to think for ourselves, believe Miller, in his calculation that he as widely

"The multiplication of banks, and of anking capital, in so short a period, could not fail produce a proportionate expansion of our paper our country proves, with the further consequence of increased prices of property, an inflated, bloated eredit system, and an almost universal spirit for speculation. The multiplied banks found ready borrowers, because an almost entire community were stimulated to borrow; and the great mass borrowed, not to expend the sum borrowed, in aid of productive industry, which would have benefitted the country, but to speculate in Western lands. And here tration, by extraordinary appropriations, sanc- for the opinions of Mr. Jefferson, who was trilet me reply to Mechanic, that granting his premises to be true that the purchasers of these lands paid the eash for them, still they were debtors to the banks, for the sum borrowed to pay for them, and the avails of these loans were vested in unproductive capital. What next? These immense sums were vested in Stocks of every kind, or to purchase to-day for a high \$32,000,000 and the estimates of the Secretary | tionality was ever made, presented to him? price, property which it was believed some other of the Treasury of the expenditures of 1842, answer not. When he signed the bill referred borrower would purchase to-morrow at a still higher exceed \$32,500,000, so that while the course of to, the bank was already established, and the price. In a process of this sort, employing hundreds of millions of credit, in the shape of bank and banking discounts, who is so stupid as not to see that the money thus employed would produce revulsions. Why, Messrs. Editors, the amount of interest annually accruing in favor of the banks was year, and while the reduction of expenditures gotten by him under what circumstances and from the Atlantic to the Rocky mountains. Large loans were proposed, either for the

opinions." The general phrase here used, he calls them from difficulties, and it soon became apa pompous annunciation—I have no doubt he so parent that the banks which had risen up from a desire of gain, from the demand which had people opposed to his party, has something about it opposed to his party. We disclaim in this instance any design to cast any Mechanic, we "ere likely to be the gainers by to this, that the very same expenditure, which it, who know any thing about me. I have ever me tell Mechanic "the guilty fleeth, when no man hands," and some of the democratic States are Buren as excessive, extravagant, and abomina- grounds of both constitutionality and expedien- of life—gild the gloom that will gather plain of sorrow. pursueth." Stung doubtless with the recollection of the acts and doings of his party, in their frequent these States are not acting in good faith, nor is these States are not acting in good faith, nor is the standard of Whig economy.

constituents. This same party who but a year or ments we feel in commercial transactions, in their rulers in Congress present a strange condeny to the minority of the minority of a most extraor- you believe it? it is even so, that the States of the lessons of past bitter experience, are still identified with a party driven with scorn and

schemes of internal improvements.

reason to believe that, if the Bank of the U. S. lic revenue until May, 1837, that its fate would have had a general suspension of specie payments? "Why the public deposites would only have added fuel to the flame, and would have nay traitorous enormities, not only perpetrated in Ohio, but lauded and commended, who will dare would have been still more dreadful. What would have been still more dreadful. What the country? The history of the late Bank, through all its mutations, shows that it never exerted any control over the currency. On the contrary, it may after a careful examinain 1823, in 1831, and in 1834, its vast expansions followed up by its distressing contractions led to those of the State institutions " How was redeeming its notes in specie? It is true, that to be otherwise? A national institution, though deriving its charter from a different source, than the State banks, is yet constituted upon the same principles, is conducted by men equally consequences would have followed, had it still

asparagus will grow up thou the instrument, and therefore, it is mo part of the instrument, and therefore, it is then of the instrument, a

A long period of general peace and of great prosperity in all the branches of trade and industry rendered expansions much more prevalent than contractions and thus from the branches from the many extraordinary appropriations which were the many extraordinary appropriations which were the following the follow

But, says Mechanic, "the administration of Van | required the payment of its notes in specie-Buren in the short space of four years, had ex- and when also it is remembered that he testified 000 over and above its regular income." I wish, solemn record to posterity, that the framers of the expenditures of the Government had been had been raised under Gen. Jackson's adminis-They were reduced to about \$27,000,000 in ly recorded his judgment against a bank. True, splendid schemes of Internal improvement, in State | ministration, they were raised to a little over there any bill in which the question of constitupenditures, that of the Whig administration is

of legislation, which induced our present emrest of which is annually about \$10,000.000, barrassments, squandering the public domain, entitled to all respect, and especially he who which operates to drain off our specie, for these contracting heavy national debts, chartering was chief among them, and chief among all the I will now ask Mechanic, if there is the least

hope and expectation, that they could, if not thwarted by the President (Tyler) who is of have been averted, or that we should not then their own choosing, and for whose conduct they are responsible, enact laws which would pay every body's debts, and make every body prosperous. For such is the meaning of their promises of relief to the people, if they have any meaning anarchy by leaving the people without any Go-vernment whatever. When we see these seditious, 1836, which was conducted under its auspices we always find that their effects would be to impose heavier burdens of taxation on the farmer and laborer, in order to relieve the embarrassments, or increase the wealth of banks, stockjobbers, manufacturers, and other favorites of Congress. They would lay heavier taxes on every article of dress which the farmer wears, on his salt, his tea, his sugar, his coffee, his iron, pose these taxes for the support of a spend-thrift government, and the thousands of Northern it in 1837, when it failed equally with others in that he would be quite as much benefitted by loom would be in receiving them. A strange

who have gone before them, whether federalists and not of circulation and discount: which the Whigs, during the late canvass for the Presidency, had not the boldness or the manliness to avow, such as a Bank of the U. States, a National letter and spirit condemns it." What ! Mr. Editor, what respect can be entertained for the the question of a U.S. Bank is discussed, we are them. Every fretful expression awakes it we be permitted to see it, may bring fairness and candor of a writer who will mis- under the necessity of deferring the remainder of in him the same spirit which produced it its own cares.—Remember that one day quote the language of a resolution, which he his communication until our next number.—ED- So does a pleasant voice call up agreea- is not longer or stronger than another. undertakes to pass strictures upon. There is no such a word to be found in the resolution, as liable to the same disasters, with the additional disadvantage, that its magnitude occasions an the word condemns. But let me assure Mechathe formation of the Co-Partnership (16 months)
they expect their customers to be punctual in J. H. BEARD & CO.

Decomber 29, 1842.

Decomber 29, 1842.

The Beard & Co.

All persons having accounts against me individually, will please present them for settlement as I wish a general closing to the send of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the send of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the and of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the send of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the send of the constitution as I wish a general closing to the send of the constitution and the constitution repeatedly, and I am now felt in that State, and over half the Union, as in some of the other charges. Fortunate and the constitution repeatedly, and I am now felt in that State, and over half the Union, as in some of the other charges. Fortunate and the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in that State, and over half the Union, and the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in that State, and over half the Union, and the constitution repeatedly are constituted as a constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the constitution repeated to pre
The Motham and the constitution repeatedly and I am now felt in the const instrument, the power to create a Bank of the of their education. The music master of sentative of his Maker. Misfortune, and United States is delegated. In no part of it is the words bank or corporation used in the dele-It is in vain, let me tell Mechanic, when the ad impulses are the same, to look monister." That great man, who has now so em-

important fact, that the increase of banking capital was almost empty; this state of things was probetween January 1835 and July 1836, amounted to duced by the extinction of Indian titles, by the the act of Gen. Washington, whose big fist has made. But what a strange speciacle do not Mr. Clay hold himself bound by this? No, he our rulers exhibit, with the charge of a bank-relied then, on the testimony of Mr. Madison, rupt treasury on their lips, we find them taking who had taken notes, of what passed in the Confrom the Government \$25,000, for Harrison's vention, and who testified that the power to crewidow, calling an extra session of an hundred ate corporations of any sort, had been denied days, and abstracting some of the propersources to Congress, lest in its exercise, it might lead to of the revenue of the Government, when at that the establishment of a bank. But I have been very time the National Government was forced to told, that Mr. Madison himself afterwards ratiborrow its necessary supplies, driven to borrow fied the Charter of the late Bank of the United money, or increase the taxes upon the people. States. What of that? Was Mr. Madison in And while they are thus declaring to the world | 1816, better qualified to judge of the meaning

nue for the support of Government as much as | call upon us to respect it, when it is remembered the proceeds arising from duties and imports .- that he vetoed one Bank, because the Charter pended, or rather wasted, upwards of \$25,000,- on the floor of Congress, of which he has left the when he was making this assertion, he had fur- this sacred instrument denied the power to Connished us with the data, upon which it was made | gress, can they claim his opinions as authority During each year of Van Buren's administration, in their favor. Mr. Madison's arguments against the constitutionality of a bank, and against the reduced, from the high amount to which they political authority of judicial decisions, are matters of record now before the world. And now tioned by men of all parties, and growing out umphantly elected in 1800, and almost unaniof a surplus reveuue, (the vice of those times.) mously in 1804, had most solemnly and official-1840, the last year of Van Buren's administra- as we have been told by Mechanic, that he signtion. In 1841, the first year of the Whig ad- ed a bill for the New Orleans branch, but was Van Buren's administration was to reduce ex- opinions of his whole life had been expressly op-

posed to a bank. to increase them, and those who upbraided Mr. | The name of Washington has been used by Van Buren with extravagance, even in his last Mechanic, with great force, but let it not be forenormous, while the property in bonds, in State was progressing, on taking the Government into with how much hesitation that great man had stocks, was annually producing nothing. Influences of this powerful character could not fail to be felt penditures; and the increase seems still to be Gen. Jackson was in favor of a National Bank, your party, stated in the Senate, that the annual sage to refer to on this point. Happily for us, purpose of further speculation, or to relieve revenue of the Government ought to be \$26,- his whole life gives this charge the most positive

consent, are wisely and virtuously, endeavoring Confidence appointed in a functionary were its ses, or by words alone There is nearly the power banks, increasing taxation, and granting exclumen of his day, for professional ability, unambisive privileges to the few, at the expense of the many. They still attempt to foster the delusive authority is indeed of great weight—God forbid that I should speak lightly of it. But the question is not now of the respect due to his opinions, but of their authority as indicating the sentiments of the people. He never affected to conceal his political identity with that proscribed party whose sentence of condemnation has neparty whose sentence of condemnation has never been remitted, and who to this day can only is her voice; and blessed is that parent who is endowed with a pleasing utterance.

There is something to me, says Byron, who is endowed with a pleasing utterance.

What is it which lulls the infant to revery softening in the presence of a wosion. Can the decision of the Supreme Court, on this great question, chain down the opinions of our Representatives who are swoin to support the Constitution, and who are bound to de- letters, syllables, and sentences. It is cide the Bank to be unconstitutional, if they be- the sound which strikes its little ear, that that necessity was to be judged of by the two tendencies as the gentle tones of a mo-Houses of Congress. The Constitutionality of ther. She who speaks to her son harshthe Bank, therefore, depended on the question ly, does not give to his conduct the sancwhether such an institution was necessary to the discharge of the functions of Government in collecting and disbursing the public revenue. If on the already raging flame. In the presleast respect for the opinions of any and all, established at all, it must be a Bank of deposite sure of duty, we are limble to utter our

> Committee," in reply to "Mechanic," so far as the child, it serves directly to increase Singing -The Germans are seldom

ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

be knocked over. If left in this state, the vent the visiter from carrying away with asparagus will grow up into the interior of the dust of his feet the minutest particle empire, a period of little more than a hun-

#### Miscellancous.

FRHALE PIETY. sent to New York, of which Mechanic may be the great Democratic party deride the policy and a lady's character, is unaffected piety.—
to obtain, seek it the more diligently, re-Nature may lavish much on her persongrace of her mien-or the strength of her never stop trying-when you draw the intellect; yet her loveliness is uncrowned last breath try to draw another. Resolutill piety throws around the whole the energy, spirit and courage have fedtion, sweetness and the power of her charms many a family in times past and will do it per-unearthly in her desires and associa tions. The spell which bound her affecand hope to the habitation of God, where base interest lurking at the bottom of it. that the treasury is bankrupt, they are giving of the Constitution, than in 1792 or in 1798. If the proceeds of the sales of the sules of the pubsion, what becomes of the susperior virtue of conlie lands among the States, distributing a portion temporary and the spirits that have been ransomed from of the revenue among the States, which is rever who press Mr. Madison's example upon us, and the thraldom of earth and wreathed with

a garland of glory. greatness is lost in the general wreck of our misfortunes. Nature, it may remain and swell the list of that mighty throng, which have been clothed with the mantle of righteousness, that all the finest feelings and the most and their voices attuned to the melody of

With such a treasure, every holy gratification on earth may be purchasedtriendship will be doubly sweet-pain and virtue. The privations of poverty render sorrow will lose their sting-and charac- us too cold and callous, and the privileges ter will possess a price far 'above rubies' of property too arrogant and consequen--life will be but a pleasant visit to earth, tial, to feel; the first places us beneath and death the entrance upon a joyful and the opinion; the second above it .- Lacon. perpetual home. And when the notes of the last trump shall be heard, sleeping millions awake to judgment, its possessor ed of the truth-never be afraid of doing going on. Mr. Clay too, the great leader of as Mechanic has told as? I have not his mes-shall be presented 'faultless before the right. Thousands live in continual fear throne of God with exceeding joy, and a and perplexity, because they shun the crown of life that shall never fade away." truth. Multitudes make themselves mis-

> paradise of God. cy." In another part of the same letter, he says: around you in a dying hour - and bring

and importance of which are seldom regarded. I refer to the human voice. A brought vividly to recollection. So also man heart .- Scott. selves hastily to our children. Ferhaps a threat is expressed in a Eud and irritating [Having given the response of "One of the tone. Instead of allaying the passions of

the same we should madifest in the tone with which we address them .- Christian

Disheartened Men .- There should be no

such thing known to men as being dis-The gem of all others which enriches thinks with us. If employment is bard flect the more carefully, be more econome the enchantment of the countenance—the ical. But never despair, never be idle, again in times future.

tions to things below is broken-and she be proud of any thing, it is of a good ac-Honest Pride .- If a man has a right to mounts on the silent wings of her fancy tion, done as it ought to be, without any

In all extremes of enjoy constant stimulus which keep the facul-Her beauty may throw a magical charm ties awake, and enable us to make the over many; princes and conquerers may most of the passing hours; but in a state bow with admiration at the shrine of her of deep affliction we are on the contrary. riches,—the sons of science and poetry sensible of an indescribable oppressionmay embalm her memory in history and which has a stupifying effect upon the song, yet her piety must be written in the mind. Eyes that are wearied with weep-Book of Life,' that when mountains fade ing instinctively close. How conspicuaway, and every memento of earthly ous the goodness of Providence, even in

> It is in the middle classes of society amiable propensities of our nature do principally flourish and abound; for the good opinion of our fellow-men is the strongest though not the purest motive to

TRUTH AND RIGHT .- Never be asham-Such is piety. Like a tender flower, erable, because they dare not do what is

them. The markets of Europe were naturally \$22,000,000 as the actual expenditures of his not be used to subserve my political purposes, petual vigor and unfading beauty in the Just take things by their smooth handle, lament nothing that is lost, improve upon Follow this star-it will light you past errors and do all the good you can. imputation upon the Whigs of this county, but let this operation, we have the stakes in our own was denounced and clamored against under Van opposed the establishment of this Bank on the through every labyrinth in the wilderness and our word for it, you will never com-

There are those to whom a sense of religion has come in storm and tempest; blow may be inflicted on a child accom- there are those whom it hath summoned panied by words so uttered, as to coun- amid scenes of revelry and idle vanity; teract entirely its intended effect. Or there are those, too, who have heard 'its the parent may use language in the cor- still small voice,' amid rural leisura and rection of the child, not objectionable in placid retirement. But perhaps the knowitself, yet spoken in a tone which more ledge that causeth not to err is most frethan defeats its influence. Let any one quently impressed upon the mind during endeavor to recall the image of a fond the season of affliction, and tears are the mother long since in heaven. Her sweet softened showers which cause the seed of smiles and ever clear countenance are heaven to spring and take root in the hu-

pose; it is no array of smere words.— man; some strange influence, even if one There is no charm to the untaught one in is not in love with her.'

True .- Dr. Channing says: "A peosoothes and composes it to sleep. A few ple that deems the possession of riches would at once strike at the root of all sovereignty notes, however unskilfully arranged, it its highest source of distinction, admits one on every article of his kitchen, the furniture of his house, and the implements of his farm, and then have him believe, they were relieving his pecuniary distresses thereby—whilst they impecuniary distresses the property or wrong. I deny however that the Supreme Court | fluence is confined to the cradle? No, it is time should money ever be ranked as more has ever decided that Congress had power to diffused over every age, and ceases not than a means; and he who lives as if the charter a Bank, to restore order to the currency, while the child remains placer the paren- acquisition of property were the sole end manufacturers, they would fain persuade him, and to regulate the exchanges of the country—that he would be quite as much benefitted by All that it has decided, is, that Congress under the would be quite as much benefitted by All that it has decided, is, that Congress under the would be quite as much benefitted by the most sorrid, base, and grovelling mea resulting power, might establish a Bank as a ner, and boisterous in speech? I know the most sorrid, base, and grovelling mention of the Treasury, if necessary, but of no instrument so sure to control these tive that life offers."

> Good - Place no confidence in imaginto ry prosperity; never venture beyond your depth, live within your means; think of making a living, not a fortune; lock ahead; take care of the rainy day; be prudent; be temperate; be humble.

Posipone not for another day what should be done this day; to-morrow, even ble feelings. Whatever disposition, and that procrastination is the thief of therefore, we would encourage in a child, time.

The Passions -The passions are never to be suppressed, they are to be directed; -and when directed, rather to be

God was the first printer! He gave from our academy has furnished me with ac even crime, set up no barriers between her bis awful hand amid the blackness of Siobservation still more in favor of this and her son. While his mother lives he nai the Tables of stone, on which was opinion. He informed me that he had will have one friend on earth who will printed the mind of God! The decalogue

the bottle, and, being stimulated by the of the precious metal, which, despite of drad years, all died either by poison, sui-

Harpers Ferry **National Historical Park**  THE WHITE BANKER.

be Oregon Territory, alluded to the weakness of the government in a political point of view. There are no means in the Treasury to meet the expenditures of the government for the year. and the bill requires two hundred thousand doltars to begin the occupation, to say nothing of the amounts necessary to govern and defend the Territory. Mr. McDowell asked emphatically, "Who rules? Who is responsible?" And answered himself thus: "Nobody! We are in a state of interregum. The Executive is not suetained by either of the great parties. They have no sympathy with him. He thought the friends of the bill ought at least to wait till some men were at the head of the government who, sustained by one party or the other, could do someshing."

Mr. Calhoun was equally emphatic as to the secestity of the Administration. He said that 40 the government, politically, never had been so weak-that there were three parties: one in possession of the Executive department; one in possession of Congress; and one in possession of the country-and that the three were so constiruted as to balance and check each other's actions." To this the Madisonian objects, and reminds the reader that the President has the " sothe ludicrous assertion that " the people are with the cynic of old, with a lighted candle in day time, for evidences of this assertion; but as it seems to afford some consolation at the White House, it would be a pity to disturb the dreams of the Innocents in that mansion, at least for the | mation of our present constitution, it was represent. It will be time enough, when the Democracy convene their Grand Sanhedrim, and shoore a chief worthy of themselves, to witness and laugh at the wo-begone visages of the hybrid war

It will be seen by our Correspondent's letter, what Mr. Worthington has introduced into the House of Delegates, an inquiry into the expediency of dispensing with two of the county court terms, and giving longer time for the forfeiture of forthcoming bonds. Mr. W. being on the committee for courts of justice, will have an opportunity of pressing it advantageously before that committee. It is similar to a scheme discussed in the Free Press by "Clodhopper," and has the support of the other delegate from the county. As far as our information extends, the plan was well received last fall by the people of the county. Judge May, a few years since, made the effort for a like change, but the time for the movement was not so auspicious as with much confidence for success at this session. We consider the people of the State as perfectly court-ridden, and unnecessarily harassed by the this plan would afford some relief.

THE PUBLIC DEBT. It is not unfrequently that we hear the Whigs

charged, by babbling politicians and their retailers, with baving increased the expenditures of the Government, since they came in power, and the Locos declare, in many instances, with the most unblushing effrontry, that i. Administration of Mr. Van Buren was steadily reducing these expenditures. Were it not for the recklesaness of assertion which is their characteristic quality, we might be somewhat amazed at these alone which gives real value to the lands, and we are to them, we only view their assertions that "Van Buren's Administration was to reduce expenditures, and that of the Whig Administraas an artifice. But so shallow are these sweeping assertions, that it requires but a glance at the Reports of the Treasurers under the two Administrations, to expose fully the slender shred upon which they hang, and which will exhibit to the public with what recklessness they speak. When Mr. Van Buren took hold of the reins

of Government, he found eighteen millions of dollars in the Treasury-nine millions of which was an instalment due to the States, but which were never distributed to them, but expended during the course of his Administration. The Government sold stock to the amount of eight millions more, which gave Mr. Van Buren "a start" of some twenty-six millions of dollarsthis sum being over and above the revenues of the country. But the spirit of prodigality was kept up by him, and when his term expired, our National Treasury was bright in its emptinessall its resources were dried up-no means were provided for carrying on the Government and no semedy at hand, save the power of making another re-issue of Treasury Notes. But this was not the worst by far, he left unredeemed \$5,000,-'000 in Treasury Notes, which has been grossly misrepresented to have been all the debt entailed upon the Administration coming into power .-The Congress that went out of power with Mr. Van Buren had made various large appropriations amounting to some \$17,000,000. These postponed obligations amounted unitedly to unwards of \$24,000,000 which were saddled upon the Whig Administration-making in the aggregate some \$50,000 000 expended over and above the revenues which flowed into the Treasury .-And yet the Locos with the most brazen-facedness, tell us that "the Whigs increase expenditures." Why such a failure of veracity? why deal in such puerile pretexts? The people understand the matter, and they will speak in language not to be minunderstood, of their unbelief in the stereotyped and capting phrases of "Whig extravagance," and "Whig misrule," which are nourished at the breast of deceit, their foster-mother, and cherished by deception, their twin-eister.

INTERMEDDLING SPIRIT.

The Legislature of our State, not content with legislating upon matters that concern directly stroyer. He, too, as we have noticed by our the interests of the People of the State, are ever and anon, travelling out of their proper and | and has been every where eminently successful legitimate sphere, and taking action upon many in enlisting soldiers in the cold water ranks of the questions which are brought before our | We have not the space to note the points touch-National councils, and they must needs express ed upon by either of the gentlemen, but will an opinion thereupon, and follow it up with resolutions of instruction to our U. S Senators, it has numbered in its ranks such faithful, enerand of requests to the State Representatives, getic and able defenders as they are. We hope how they shall vote, so as to accord with we may have them with us again ere long. the whims and caprices of the dominant party After the addresses were concluded on Friday in our Legislature. This spendthrift folly to sight, signatures to the "PLEDGE" were solicithe State, is hoppily set of by the Winchester | ted by R. T. Brown, Esq , President of the To- | piercing weather the last week; and since Sun-Republican, in the annexed suggestion, or ra- tal Abstinence Society of Charlestown, and one Cay the sound of the merry sleigh-bell has greetther query, in which they ask " if our delegates Aundred and seven were obtained, which was ed us on all sides. are better qualified to regulate national affairs, truly a large addition to the cause, as the Societhan our members of Congress, is it not a great ty already numbered upwards of 200. Thus waste of seesey to pay the latter eight deliars a has the Temperance Reform in this pince reday for doing that which our wicer men at Rich- | coived a new impetus-and we ardently hope its four dollars? This is a plain arithmetical ques- dreds more are enrolled under its glorious bantion, and we ask the yeemanry, and others inte- ser. We say again that, we hope still larger rested in it to enswer for themselves."

We see it stated that no steamer will leave England until the 4th of March next, at which time the Acadia is advertised to leave.-The Great Western will leave on the 10th, after which time we shall be favored regularly with steamships from England, France and Beigium.

The Locos appear new-a-days to be great sticklers for the proceeds of the Public Lands to and one too corroborated by all experience upon constitute "part and parcel" of the revenue for the subject; that "The ignerance of the common the support of the Government. And as they people is the certain prelude to their poverty SIEVRY CLAY and AMERICAN INDUSTRY. tell as "Democracy" never changes, we repub- and slavery." If this be true is reference to our lish that part of Gen. Jackson's Message which own State, and who is there doubts its correct speaks directly upon this subject, from which ness, in what a deplorable aspect dues it present they will see that he recommended "that the the mass in our Commonwealth? It will be right of soil, and the future disposition of it, be recollected that a few years since, Gov. Campsurrendered to the States respectively in which bell informed the Legislature, that about one it lies." So here is a direct and unequivocal six or seven of the signatures to marriage bonds, surrender recommended, and of course had this recorded in the clerks' offices, was made with negestion been followed, the old original thir- a cross-mark-and what was yet more lamentateen, would never have been benefitted in any ble, that this ratio existed in 1833 very generally manner or shape, even so far as revenue was the same as in 1818, after twenty years of legis- a population of eighteen millions, inhabiting a concerned. The General however views the lation and the expenditure of about one million question in the proper light, when he speaks of of dollars, to improve the intelligence of the the lands being ceded to the Government by people. When this statement was made, many the States for a special purpose, viz: the pay- were inclined to doubt its accuracy. But since ment or extinction of the then National Debt; then, the census of our State has been taken, and when once that was accomplished, some new and it has been proven, as we have stated in our legislation being requisite, and he being desirous o make political capital for himself in the West, ecommended its surrender to the States wherein it laid. The idea of keeping the land to produce of all persons over 20 years of age, who do not a revenue, the old gentlemen did not entertain possess even the elements of the knowledge refor a moment, for he said that it seemed to him | quisite to make them the intelligent people to best to abandon the idea of raising a future re- | whom our invaluable institutions should be comvenue out of the public lands." This strong mitted. Is not a reflection upon this fact, morti- ernment the power of raising revenue by duties language therefore, used by so ancient and prom- fying indeed, that Virginia, the mother of States on imports, they have no means left to meet inent a "Democrat," must assuredly take place of and of Statesmen, the birth place of Presidents, the vaunting assertions made by some modern and the oldest State in the Confederacy, should es may supply; and having placed in the hands "Democrats" at this day, who say that the creed present among the mass of her citizens, such an of the General Government the vast public doof the "Democracy" is, that the lands should be amount of ignorance? used "as a means for producing revenue" and minds the render that the President has the ponot distributed, whilst the National head remains ed want of Primary education before us, it not eral Government to employ it for their use. these mate all others. And it concludes with embarrassed. But to the extract, it is well wor- high time that the public voice demanded some efthy a perusal, and we hope it will receive such, ficient and corrective legislation upon the subject? the Administration." One might search, like especially by the "political consistency" party, Would it not be more commendable in our preand the admirers of the "old Roman." "Among the interests which merit the consider-

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

ation of Congress after the payment of the publie debt, one of the most important, in my view, is that of the public lands. Previous to the formony, and as a fund to meet the expenses of the

PUBLIC LANDS SHALL CEASE, AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, TO BE A SOURCE OF REVENUE, and that they be sold to settlers, in present system, because none can be substituted from the States, and that the right of soil, and the future disposition of it, be surrendered to the States, respectively, in which it lies.

The adventurous and hardy population of the west besides contributing their equal share of taxation under our impost system, have in the progress of our Government, for the lands they these may be so improved and shaped by the ccupy, paid into the Treasury a large proportion of forty millions of dollars, and of the revenue received therefrom, but a small part has een expended amongst them. When, to the disadvantage of their situation in this respect. we add the consideration that it is their labor the sale of their own lands, it cannot be expecttion to increase them," as being designed to act |ed that the new States will remain longer contented with the present policy, after the pay- state of common education here, which appeals ment of the public debt. To avert the conse- to our public authorities for immediate redress, cause, to put an end forever to all partial and interested legislation on this subject, and to afopportunity of securing an independent freehold. t seems to me, therefore, best to abandon the idea of raising a future revenue out of the public do, both the power and expectation of the pub-

TEMPERANCE MEETING. The friends of Temperance in this region were furnished with some rich and savoury dishes, on Thursday and Friday nights of last

of Mesers. Keener and Pollard of Baltimore .-Never before have we met with any, who were mbassadors in the great Temperance Reformation, more peculiarly fitted, to advance the interest of the cause, than these gentlemen .-Mr. Keener, who is President of the "Washing- terval, we have a press which has risen up t tonians" of Baltimore, and editor of the Temperance Herald of that city, is a gentleman ossessed of a mind richly stored with all the aried science of learning, a fund of practical and every day knowledge, and exhibits in his intercourse and relations with his fellow-men, the promptings of a frank and generous feeling, and unaffected simplicity. We learn that he has been more or less engaged in this work since the first impulse was given to the cause, and that he has been untiring in his efforts to but who do think, as the enlightened every where aid its advancement. He has traversed the think, that it is wholly an evil, and especially an larger portion of Maryland and Virginia, and every where met with a success in some man-

Mr. Pollard is, as he stated, a Reformed Drunkard, and makes no pretension, in his appeals, to any thing like classic language or rhetorical display; but treats the subject in a plain and unvarnished, yet forcible and impressive manner. He discourses generally from his own tem of provident legislation, that the remotes sad experience of the evils resulting from the use of alcoholic drinks, and is thereby enabled to sour " hot shot" into the enemy at all quarters. He shewed particularly how liable men were come to maturity, that cannot read in his native all parts of Pennsylvania in regard to money, and to be mistaken in regard to their opinion of into be mistaken in regard to their opinion of indulging in a "moderate use," without being imperceptibly drawn into the embrace of the deexchanges, has made the tour of several States. only say, that the cause cannot falter while

ner commensurate with his deserts.

ed can do, and seem determined to do, for coward course may not be arrested until hunadditions may be made, for every day's experience proves to us more conclusively the benefit, atility and advantages, morally, politically and

> of this great reformation. The President of the United States has apciated A. M. Green of Virginie, Consul for Galveston, Texas.

physically, to be derived from the onward course

RECESSITY OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS. It is the remark of a distinguished historian

paper heretofore, that of 340,000 white adults in the State, there are 58,000 who can neither read nor write!! Making a proportion of one to six,

With these evidences of the almost un navallelsent Legislature to be investigating the causes that have cast upon the escutcheon of our State this dark and damning disgrace, and providing remedies for its removal, than wasting their time and the money of the people, in discussing Fecommended by Congress that a portion of the deral Relations, and expounding the resolutions proportionately among the States, we look to waste lands owned by the States should be ceded of '98? Should there, however, be no legislation to the W. States for the purposes of general har- upon this vital subject during the present session, we should be glad to see it made a test question stace who now batten on the spoils of the country. at different periods of time, the States of Mas- at the Spring election, whether or not the candiachusetts, New York, Virginia, North and date for support, be for or against the establish-South Carolina, and Georgia, granted their va- ment of the Free School system. As an evidence cant soil for the uses for which they had been that the people have not been altogether dormant relieved from this pledge, the object for which upon this subject, it will be recollected that this they were ceded having been accomplished, it is in the discretion of Congress to dispose of them Richmond to consider the interests of Education: in such way as best to conduce to the quiet, har- but how were the efforts of this body seconded mony, and general interest, of the American ped- by the Legislature? Why, a bill was founded ectional feelings should be discarded, and the on the suggestions of the Convention in the lower whole United States regarded as one people, inHouse and passed, but was rejected in the Senate; responding quarter of 1841, and less by half a stituting one uniform rule; and 4th, by arming terested alike in the prosperity of their common and so for one year more was the accomplishment of this necessary desideratum to our happiness as a people, and our standing as a State,

> permitted to slumber. Our attention has been called at this time to limited parcels, at a price barely sufficient to re- the matter, by a perusal of a Message transmit- sion in business, which appears to be universally imburse to the United States the expense of the ted to our Legislature by Gov. McDowell, urg prevalent, shall have passed by, the amount of convenient time, this machinery be withdrawn is a gentleman well qualified to furnish a scheme test its utility—we see that a reduction of du-which ought to command our respect.

"Whether his scheme (the Superintendant's) be adopted or not, it is rich in materials, and wisdom of your honorable body as to aid you in establishing a system of public instruction which shall effectually protect the future history of the Commonwealth from the reproach so painfully theire inhabitants of this State-of that thinking tributed chiefly among States which had not acting controlling mass which regulates, at will originally any claim to them, and which have every right and interest amongst us one out of njoyed the undivided emoluments arising from every twelve of these who can neither read nor write! This uncomfortable fact, which has been brought to light by our census, discloses a quences which may be apprehended from this and appeals to them through the humiliating figures by which that state is expressed, with point and urgency of persuasion, to which nothord to every American citizen of enterprise, the ing can be added by words You are the authority, and the only one, who can provide the redress that is needed; and representing, as you lic, you will not and cannot permit so pernicious a condition of its highest interest to descend and to fasten itself upon any other than the genera-

spect tolerated by the civilization or requirements of the age in which we live. It belongs week, from the rich and abundant store-houses to one that is past; belongs to an age nearly two could boast, as he retired from his office, that he left "no free schools and no press behind him. and trusted that he would be followed by neithe "for some hundred years." This hundred years and more have gone; and although in that inmuch for the spread and maintenance of early they had never ceased to inspire with alarm. is for you, perhaps, that the honor is reserved o establishing and adapting them, or others of a kindred character by wise and ample provisions thought, that general ignorance is a blessing der governments that are not free, and the worst you to reduce this opinion to results by so applying the authority and the means confided to suspensions are the order of the day." your hands that primary education may be easiy and cheaply and every where obtained Only ledge be so diffused and so sustained by a sys and the poorest amongst us may be able to enjoy them, and it may be our lot to retire from the trusts which we hold, with the noble hope seen and felt in the "Old Dominion." that we leave not a citizen behind us, who has

> tion of his country." "That a Bank of the United States, compe nish the project of such an institution, the duty would have been cheerfully performed."

The above is an extract from Gen. Jackson's prove "Democracy" to be of every color and etly, but decisively told to desist, and in a manner, and an evident temper in the public mind, that insured obedience."

THE WEATHER -- We have had

Forget not the Poor, if any there' be among you, at this untoward season. Out of the means with which you are blessed, you may be enabled to make the heart beat with gladness that otherwise would be heavy.

mecratic Convention" on Thursday, 2d March.

CFJ. S. Perrault, the absconding Cashier of the Citizens' Bank in 'New Orleans, it appears in gross receipt \$114.302—making a made his way to Havesse, where he arrived on set profit of \$72,096, which is about six per Dougald (L.) 20,055, leaving a Whig majority only wants the Governor's signature to be-

AMERICAN CREDIT. The Government has at leasth had the re-York, in part by the Bank of Commerce and the

Bank of America. The balance of the loan was taken by John Ward & Co., brokers, in that city, at par-thus showing conclusively, that it is more the want of confidence than the scarcity of money, that has produced these pinching times." This attempt at getting a loan by our Govern-

ment has showed off the credit of our Country no enviable light, and as the American truly remarks, the spectacle which we are now presenting to the world may well cause surprise. With ountry of vast extent, of inexhaustible fertility and resources, with the means of subsistence in profuse abundance,-a commerce second only to that of Great Britain-a country filled with the elements of incalculable wealth-a people enterprising, industrious and inventive, and displaying unsurpassed energy in every pursuit to which their activity has been directed-we are yet found occupying a position so humiliating as to be without, for a time, the credit to borrow twelve millions of dollars. The States are is some cases on the verge of bankruptcy, because, having surrendered to the General Govtheir own obligations except such as direct taxmain, they are cut off from the benefits which that fund might yield by the refusal of the Gen-

Thus, with resources in abundance, with ample means to meet all their pecuniary responsibilities, the indebted States are in a fearful dilemma because the General Government stands aloos and declines to employ its power to make available the resources and means within its reach. The great projection of Mr. Johnston, for the issue of \$200,600,000 of stock to be divided as being the only measure which will restore public confidence, and reguscitate our heretofore high character for honesty of purpose-it will afford us means to cancel some of the ob- principle. ligations for the payment of which the faith of the States, and of the Union itself are pledged. We trust that those high in authority will look

REVENUE by the NEW TARIFF. The revenue arising from Customs under the New Tariff for the quarter ending the 31st of 370-being less than was received in the cor- by preventing partial assignments; 3d, by sub-This amount of course will not be suffi-

cient to meet the expenditures of the Government, but we believe that as soon as the depresadequate to our wants. We present an extract ties is recommended in some quarters on certain from the Message, as shewing forth the subject articles, which will tend they argue to larger importations, and an increase of revenue.-Whilst we doubt not but that some amendments to the Tariff act would prove salutary, we do protest against an injudicous interference with the sections fixing the rates of duty, until the measure has had a fair trial, and been proved

> REDUCTION OF F The Baltimore and Obio Rail Road Company | ment. have made quite a considerable reduction in their fare from Baltimore to Wheeling, which will doubtless tend to increase the already large proportion of travel on their road. Baltimore and Wheeling are now brought, by means of this road, within thirty-four hours ride of each other, and the traveller is subjected to the inconvenience of night travel but once. By the reduction, passengers are conveyed from Baltimore to either Wheeling or Pittsburg for \$10, on the rail road in comfortable cars, and the re- appointed by a majority of the creditors. mainder of the route in easy coaches on the National Road.

administered.

FARMERS' & MILLERS' BANK. This Banking Institution, established in Ha- and Woodbridge. gerstown, has been looked upon with much distrust for some time past-a memorial was presented to the Legislature of that State praying for an investigation into its financial condition; and a committee thereupon appointed, who rethough we have legislated much and provided ported (says the Frederick Herald) through Mr. Buchanan, "setting forth a most desperate coneducation, yet "free schools" have been com- dition of its affairs, and the committee are u- Wright, Young-24. nanimous in recommending that the Chancellor be directed to take such measures as will bring its accounts to a final adjustment."

VIRGINIA .- The Alexandria Gazette has the following discouraging paragraph touching the condition of things in our State :

"Wie regret to state that our information from various quarters in Virginia is, to the ef- to allow a pension to John Carey, a free colorevil to States, because containing in itself the feet, that a continual pressure and depression is going on-that pecuniary embarrassment weighs more and more heavily-tha: HARD TIMES are of masters under governments that are—it is for felt with more rigor constantly—and relief seems

> The subjoined extract from the Pittsburg American, shews that the "Keystone State" grouns under the oppression of the times, and presents as gloomy a picture of distress as is

"We find the greatest distress prevailing, in within our recollection there was never a time of greater suffering. In many of the middle tent to all the duties which may be required by it has all taken up its location at the two exthe government, might be so organized as not to tremes-Pittsburg and Philadelphia. In many infringe on our own delegated powers, or the re- of those counties we are told that no debts are served rights of the States, I do not entertain a paid in money, or no sale made for it, and no doubt. Had the Executive been called upon to fur promises of it given ; the taxes remain uncolhave been made to compel payment of these, no bidders were found, and when the officers Veto Message in 1832. He can be quoted to attempted to remove the goods, they were qui-

A N. York paper has the following cheering paragraph, which appears as a ray of hope, to console us amidst these awful hard times :they say in Wall street Our prospects brighten -the public mind seems more cheerful; stocks are looking up, and the late sales of real estate there is more specie in the United States at the present moment than there ever was before at Differ Richmond Enquirer states that in "in transitu" and the quantity of produce here and "in transitu" and preparing for market is enormous not withstanding a great reduction during turday, it has been determined to hold the "De-

The Michigan Rail road, leading from Detroit to Jackson, a distance of 80 miles, carned cent on its cost.

CONGRESS THE LAST WEEK.

The Senate Chamber on Tuesday, was filled shear Mr. Calboun, who spoke against the ption of the Oregon bill, in his usual foreible impressive manner.

In the House, reports were presented from the majority and minority of the Committee on the Judiciary, in relation to General Jackson's fine—the former against—the latter in favor of

the Oregon question. He expressed himself favorably to the settlement of the territory at as early a period as possible; and advocated many of the provisions of the bill as actually required, in order to preserve Oregon in our possession. But he was against the land clauses, as in his opinion they not only violated the treaty with England, but also were contrary to the ourtesy of nations. In the House, Mr. Snyder of Penn. offered a

resolution to instruct the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire whether Judge Betts, of New York, refused to entertain a charge of murder on the high seas in the case of the Somers, on the ground that he had siready a great ress of civil cases which occupied all his time!

advocated its passage. In the House; Mr. tions inquiring of the state of

ing a Mexican town.

The resolutions were adopted. the name of the committee to be discharged contains the following additional items: from the House Bill, and from all the Memorials and Resolutions referring to the subject .-

The amendments also go to repeal so muc of the voluntary clause as allows any applicant to have the benefit of the law upon his single tificate of discharge.

The Report states that the salutary influence of such a change in the Law will be manifested December last inclusive, amounted to \$3,116,- \_\_1st, by the prevention of undue credit; 2d, million than was received in the corresponding the creditor with a power to force a failing which men in such circumstances are tempted. The following reasons are given for continu-

of knowledge among the people of the State. cient amount of revenue will be had to carry repeal would be a denial of equal justice to

2d. That by the decision of the question in relation to the constitutionality of the law in one of the Courts of the United States the citizens of one of the States of the Union have been in effect deprived of all the benefits of this law, while those of the other States have had the enjoyment of them.

3d. That a Bankrupt Law is but the exercise to afford insufficient revenue to carry on the of a beneficent power which the experience of fixed upon the present; the reproach, namely, Government, when its affairs are economically every commercial State has ascertained to be

> 4th That it will prevent the enactment and operation of "stay laws," some of which have

> 5th. Finally, that such a law extends the protection of the Government to a class of citizens, who though poor and unfortunate, ought not for this cause, to be beyond the pale of its protec-

tion of a declaration of insolvency according work of an incendiary, and is a second atto the Act of 6th William the Fourth. The tempt, an effort having been nade in Sep-Cumberland is 178 miles which is travelled over amendment provides that the assignees shall be No recommendation to include corporations embedied in the Report.

The Oregon question then came up, and was loss .- Martinsburg Gazette. discussed further by Messrs. Choate, Benton

After some consideration,a direct vote was taken on engrossing the Bill for a third reading, that no one but a through "free trade" which resulted as follows:

YEAS-Messrs. Allen, Benton, Buchapan. Clayton, Fulton, Henderson, King, Linn, McRoberts, Mangum, Merrick, Phelps, Sevier, Smith of Conn., Smith of Indiana, Sturgeon, Tappan, Walker, White, Wilcox, Williams, Woodbury,

NATS -- Messrs. Archer, Bagby, Barrow, Bates, Bayard, Berrien, Calhoun, Choate, Conrad, our own domestic labor, gives that high Crafis, Dayton, Evans, Graham, Huntington, McDuffie, Miller, Porter, Rives, Simmons, Sprague, Tallmadge, Woodbridge-22. The bill was then read a third time and pass-

In the House, Mr Taliaferro, reported a bill ed man, a native of the county of Westmoreland, Virginia, now a resident of the District. who says he was a body servant of Gen. Wash. farther off than ever. Suits, sales, sheriffs, and ington at the battle of Braddock's defeat, in 1775, and was present at that battle; and also, that he was a servant of Gen. Washington at the surrender of Cornwallis in 1781, and who is believed to be 112 years old.

The Senate did not sit on Saturday. The principal matter under consideration is the House, was the Navy Appropriation Bill, and quite an animated discussion took place on

several of its sections. In the Senate on Monday, no little excitement was occasioned by Mr. Archer's moving the reonsideration of the vote on the Oregon Bill. After some discussion, it was agreed that the rote should be taken to-morrow (Tuesday) at one o'clock.

f Amos Kendall. The Navy Appropriation bill was further dis ussed, the amendment pending being to reduce the pay of officers of the Navy, including enineers corps, twenty per cent. per annum.

In the House, a bill was reported for the relief

Reese, who stands charged with being shape of an amendment to the bill for di- Powell of Fairfax. Smith of Fauquirer, Rust, and who had his ease removed from Washing- tricts, and obtained but fourteen votes in ton County to that of Frederick, escaped from the whole House. Though a large mathe jail of the lather county, on Friday week, jority of the House are good "Democrats! Better Times.—We have touched Boston, as but was retaken early the next morning, and is as the phrase is, they are not democratic Dyche, Cabell, Yerby, Strole, Critz, Bird of again safe in "imbo."

> The Biography of Col. R. M. Johnson i to be published soon by Mr. Wm. Emmons of Washington city, D. C., at the low price of 50 cents. As some of the Colonel's friends seem de termined that he shall jenter for the Presidential race, we doubt not his Biography, well gotten up, will prove highly acceptable at this time.

Cofficial returns from all the counties in

Mr. James A. Pierce of Maryland, from the ludiciary Committee in the House, has presented a report on the subject of the fine, which is said to be an admirable production, and the remission.

C. J. Ingersoll, join in the strongest communities of the case of Judge Duncan, the witnesses from Harrison county received 44 per the remission.

On Wednesday, Mr. Rives spoke at length on the common day and twenty cents mileage, and the common day are day and twenty cents mileage, and the common day are day and twenty cents mileage, and the common day are day and twenty cents mileage. and powerful. Mr. Pierce in the report makes | wealth was put in for a good round sum. out a complete condemnation of Jackson's con- The committee in Judge Scott's case are la-

corpus, (and for which the Judge was impris- when many questions are taken in the House. oned,) to have been an innocent man; and he A joint committee of both houses has also his recent communications on this subject ATTEMPT AT MURDER AND PIRACY. An attempt at murder and piracy was made The resolution was literally secuted out of on board the Brig Poultney, of Baltimore, on

the House, by a general chorus of "No! No!" the 25th of November last, on her passage to Mr. Benton addressed the Senate on Thursday, South America, by the first and second mates in answer to-Messrs. Calhoun and McDuffie, of the vessel. Their plan was to murder the who had opposed the Oregon bill, and earnestly Captain, and turn the vessel into a pirate .-The Captain attempting to come on deck was knocked down by the second mate. The crew er what au- hearing the scuffle attempted to go below, but of Mex- were prevented by the first mate's telling them totaley beforee, it be- that the captain would shoot the first man who came in the cabin-the truth however flashed across their minds, and by their timely interfe-On Friday, in the Senate, Mr. Berrien, from rence obliged the second mate te desist from his the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill in re- murderous intentions, and Captain Mouatt's life ference to the Bankrupt Law. He asked in was thus saved. The Boston Daily Advertiser,

"The crew testified that they had heard the two mates conversing as they sat together on the main hatch, the day before the attack, and The repeal bill, originating in the Senate, is reported back, with sundry amendments---the the latter was too chicken-hearted; and if he main features of which affect the voluntary would be quiet, he (the second mate) would Revenue bill yet passed. Indeced, the latter is despatch the old man.

"The crew had been asked by the second mate to join in taking the vessel, but refused. "Capt. Mouatt is 65 years of age, an old trader to the matter, before our credit is totally gone. Petition, and changes, in several important particulars, the existing mode of procuring the cer- difficulty either with the mates or the crew, but was rather remarkable for being too easy with his men, and too indulgent to his mates."

hard times to take any other than my county paper, and pay for it, I must really utter my protest in a very considerable degree, with cacoethes scri- of the session. But we who are in the minority debtor to go into liquidation before his assets bendi, occupying so large a space in your paper can do but little, although we may not be entireare wasted by the desperate speculations to as some of them are wont to do. I have no complaints whatever to offer, as to the ability with which the communications are written, but the time consumed in debate, you will find that subjects treated of have been too often discussed your own immediate delegates have not used too heretofore, to render them of as much interest to full hours during the whole session. frequency and number of courts in a year; and portant ends. It is desirable, however, that, in the Superintendant of the Military Institute, who consequently sufficient time has not elapsed to themselves of them, or restrained by motives sident in his Annual Message. A hint to the ed with wise I hope will prove sufficient.

A PATRON. [We regret that "A Patron" finds cause of complaint. If correspondents have trespassed complained of will doubtless soon be remedied, and we shall then be enabled to mete out to him

The widow of Samuel Cromwell has made third application through her counsel, to necessary, and which power has been conferred Judge Betts, for the arrest of Capt. Mackenzie. the Girard Will, is now under argument before no case exceed seven per cent. on both oneenthe Supreme Court.

ANOTHER FIRE .- It is with sincere regret that we have to announce the destruction by fire, of the Barn of Dr. Allen C. Hammond, at Spring Mill, in this county, together with nine horses, and about 400 bushels of corn on the night of Sa-One of the changes in the Bill is the substitu- turday last. The fire, we learn, is the tember last, to fire the Barn, which was discovered before it had made any progress. Dr. Hammond, we understand, was insured, but not to the amount of his

READ OUT OF THE PARTY.

The Charleston Mercury has decided supporter can properly remain or be retained in the Loco Foco ranks. The Globe holds the same opinion; and, in some recent remarks on the message of Governor Porter, of Pennsylvania, in which the Governor gave utterance to the true Pennsylvania doctrine of supporting functionary to understand that such doctrine is little less than treason to the "Democracy." The Mercury notices with property, and the duty of the Legislature to inmarks of high approbation this article in terpose, was urged on the one hand-and the imthe Globe, and says:

"We are glad that the Globe has read Governor Porter, of Pennsylvania, out of the Demoall such Democrats to the Whigs-where they belong. If the Democracy desire to gain, retain and deserve ascendancy as a party, they must connive at no betrayal of their principles to subserve personal and local purposes. The politi-cians who cannot get along without the support of tariff men, must be told that if they ishape their course to conciliate tariff men, they must not expect the support or countenance of Demo-

So, then, we have it here ex cathedra from the Calhoun organ, that all men who support a tariff are Whigs, and belong to them. Very good. This secures fax, Stovall, White of Hanover, M'Rae, Bowus Pennsylvania by an almost unanimous den, Davis of K. & Q. Wallace, Hawes, Stolvote. - Balt. Amer.

NULLIFICATION REBUKED .- On the 23d ultimo the House of Delegates of the sively rejected a proposition to nullify the act of Congress requiring the election of Representatives to be made by single dis-tricts. The proposition was offered in the Hubard. Bocock, Moore of C. & W., Irving, viding the State in'o Congressional dis. Stockton, Payne, Deekins, Wood, Byrd of Fredenough to set themselves in opposition to the Constitution of the United States [.Vat. 171.

In the Senate of the Pensylvania Ligis lature, on Thursday, a bill was passed by the decided vote of 30 to 3, providing for the redemption of \$100,000 of the most depreciated of the relief issues on the last day of every month, until the entire issue Georgia are in, from which it appears that is withdrawn. The bill received the sanccome a law.

Majority Report on Gen. Jackson's Frac. VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE From our Michmond Correspondent

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On Saturday,

RICHMOND, Jan. 30, 1843. On Saturday, Mr. Worthington obtained leave which adds much to the already high reputation and reported a bill, fixing the per diem of witof its author. The correspondent of the W. Y., nesses, attending a summons of either house of American states that even the Loco members of Assembly, at \$1,50 per day and ten cents per the Judiciary Committee, Mesars. Saunder and mile In the case of Judge Duncan, the wife

duct in every particular. It shows that he knew boriously engaged every day during the sessionit to be unnecessary, because he was at the of the house and this fact will account for the time informed of the conclusion of peace - absence of Messrs. Bgrd, Leftwich, Brown of Mr. P. further proves that Louallier the person, Preston, Wingfield, Worthington, Lacy, Daniel for whom Judge Hall issued a writ of bubeas of Prince George, Williams and Edgington,

justifies the Judge throughout, and show that been absent for a week, examining the James his duty required him to act upon the matter as River Canal; amongst whom are Messrs. Conhe did. In the report, Mr. Pierce convicts Gen. rad, Scott, Peyton, and Bondurant, of the Senate, Jackson of palpable mis-statements of fact in and Messes Crutchfield, Parks, Taliaferro and Yerby, of the House. Such an examination is very proper to enable the members to judge as well of the magnitude as of the style of the work done of that great line of communication. On Monday, the house despatched a large number of bills, the most important of which was one allowing four cents per mile to witnesses residing more than 15 miles from the Court House, whether in their own county or not. A proposition to allow 75 cents per day, instead of 53 was reconsidered, on the ground that the present was an unfavorable time to increase the expenses of suit upon defendants.

The Valuation bill will come up to-morrow, as the order of the day. Two substitutes are already pending and it is impossible to predict the final action of the Assembly upon the subject. It will necessarily consume several days in reconciling members to any definite course of

RICHMOND, Feb. 4, 1843. Well, here we are at the close of the ninth week, and neither the apportionment bill nor not yet reported, although the Finance Committee have had the report sent back to them more than two weeks since. I have not been able to to South America, and much respected. He ascertain whether they cling to their Sinking Fund is sinking at a very unpropitious time .-The truth is, the evil of long sessions will not be corrected until some definite day be fixed for adjournment. If thatiwere the case, then the business would be forced through in the time specified, and new projects could not meet with against gentlemen, who are evidently troubled favor, unless relating to the prominent business

1st. In the consideration that the benefits of your readers as the gentlemen would seem to | Resolutions of inquiry continue to be introthe present. Yet, as all measures coming from Whigs are cautiously received, we do not look

Whigs are cautiously received, we do not look

The advantages of accurate islation in reference to a more general diffusion portion of our fellow citizens, while its sudden to be imports will be increased, and the cost arising under our ling upon it the necessity of some immediate leging upon it the necessi impossible that you can meet this desire of your they ought to have done on the important topics Accompanying the Message, the Gov. transmit- on the affairs of Government. The new Tariff many others whose claims are not less strong, friends, if one or two individuals are permitted, of the session, which were not numerous. Most which will more perfectly accomplish these im- ted a plan for Primary Schools, submitted by went into operation on the 4th of August last, and who have been prevented from availing each week, to occupy as much space as the Pre- of the local legislation might have been dispens-

> On Tuesday, the exciting subject of a Relief law came up as the order of the day, and the bill entitled "an act to prevent sacrifices of prosomewhat upon his "reserved rights," the evil perty under forced sales," was discussed with much earnestness on a proposition to postpone the subject indefinitely. You may remember an and all our other friends, their full share in due amendment was pending, offered by Mr. Brown of Preston, to extend the time of steying magistrate's executions from 40 to 120 days, and requiring forthcoming bonds to be returnable to the quarterly instead of the monthly terms-also, to reduce the commission on bonds to two per The great case involving me various of sent, so that the whole commission would in

Mr. Tavener's amendmeni did not vary mush from the original bill, except that it did not provide for any stay, after the property had been wice offered for sale at two-thirds the appraise-

Mr. Daniel of Prince George moved the indefinite postponement of the whole subject, and thiswas sustained in arguments by the mover, and by Mr. Edmunds of Halifax. The latter gentleman made a very ingenious and fluent speech against all relief schemes, as destroying public and private confidence, and accumulating the evils which were intended to be remedied-Messrs. Brown and Tavenner explained their

respective schemes, and Mr. Keen went against all of them, as not striking at the root of the evil; which, he contended, was a premature contraction of the currency. Until there was a new effusion of money into the business channels, he considered all else as mere palliatives, but not

The subject was continued over on Wednesday and Thursday, and debated at length. Messrs. Bocock, Cowan, aud Smith of Harrison, sustaining the Relief, and Messrs. Leake of Albemarle, Frazier, Taylor of Norfolk, Williams, and Daniel of Richmond City, in opposition. The old ground, of the immense and unjust sacrifices of pairing of contracts, destroying confidence, and deranging the relations of debtor and creditor, on the other-with all the embellishments each cratie party, as will be seen in the admirable could give. Mr. Taylor reviewed the history of article we subjoin. Let the whole Democratic the country, to show that the mischief had been press follow the honest example, and turn ever done, in spite of the warnings of Messrs. Ewing, Clayton and others, and that Time alone could work the remedy.

The vote was finally taken at about half-past-

3 on Thursday, and the bill and amendments were indefinitely postponed by the following vote-AYEs .- Messrs. Holleman, (Speaker,) Ailworth, Custis, Randolph, Leake of Albemarle, Cocke, Brooke, Frazier, Wingfield, Mitchell. Wilson, Stanton, Meredith, Blick, Toler, Nolin, Samuel, Lacy, Dennis, Hancock, Broadus, Payne, Muse, Taliaferro, Robins, Leake o Goochland, Calwell, Jones, Edmunds of Halilings, Carter, Gray, Miller of L., Jackson Marshall, Banks, Nicolson, Jiggits, Smith of N., Taylor, Watts, Tatem, Oliver, Davis of O. & G., Bolling Bennet, Hopkins, Auderson, Dey, Daniel of P. G., Strother, Daniel of R. City, Bur-State of Michigan very promptly and deci- well, Moore of R., White of R., Williams, Spark, Crutchfield, Hedgman, Warren, Walker, and Noss .- Messrs. Mann, Powell of Amherst.

erick, French, Carroll, Blue, Ward, Miles, Bassel, Smith of Harrison, King, Gallaher, Worthington, Parks, Gibson, Kidwell, Martin, Miller of M. & J., Northington, Tanzey, Adair, Wade, Pendleton, Talman, Brown of Preston, Brawner, Sturm, Deneale. Cootes. Cowan, Kane, Gatewood, Tate, Spotts, West, Henry, Goodson, Neal, and Leftwich ... 58.

Many of those in the negative were not considered as committing themselves in their final action, being willing the subject should be thoroughly investigated and public opinion decidedly developed. The cities and towns seemed more earnestly opposed to the subject, than the

There will still be propositions to mitigate existing evils, if possible-and among these will be the one somewhat discussed in Jefferson before we left home, to dispense with two of the

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County Court terms for the trial of debt, and to extend the return day of executions. Also, to reduce the commissions on bonds, &c. You may imaginihe the difficulties attending every thing that is called an innovation, when you remember that there are 134 heads to be consulted, and that of these you must reconcile at least 68 to your own way of thinking. No easy task, when every man has the pride of preconceived opinions and prejudices to overcome.

On Friday, the House took up, in committee of the whole, Mr. Watts in the chair, the Apportionment bill-and some three or four substitutes for the committee's plan were voted down .-The debate was occasionally amusing, when (Gen. Wool) had been compelled to fall Shocking.—The House of Mr. Henry pasteboard Gerrymenders were held up as argu- back; that the Texian forces were taking Dibble, in Westbrook, Conn., was dements against particular schemes. But a political arrangement we shall doubtless have, in spite of all the professions of fairness with which the speeches abound. The madness of party may, however, bring about the corrective.

On Saturday, Mr. Worthington offered the fol- the enemy, and reached Mier, fifty had been abandoned. lowing resolution of inquiry, which was adopted without debate, but the vote probably cannot be considered a test vote:

Resolved. That the Committee for Courts of Justice inquire into the expediency of smending the laws regulating the County Courts of this Commonwealth, so as to provide that, instead of can troops stationed in the neighborhood of which were remarkably well executed. the Quarterly terms of said Courts, there shall be semi-annual terms; and further, that motions on forthcoming bonds taken by virtue of execution on judgments of the County Courts shall be made at the semi-annual terms of said Courts. The subject of reducing the sheriff's commis-

sion on forthcoming bonds is already before the committee, and I suppose will be considered and reported upon at the same time.
Mr. West of Tyler (a Loco) offered the following resolution, which, after a short debate, was postponed indefinitely, on motion of Mr. Crutchfield. The previous question was called,

ing of the abuse of the question, by which members were cut off from the opportunity of representing their constituents. The resolution is in

sacrifice of property under sales made by Sheriffs The vote on the motion for indefinite post-

ponement was decided in the affirmative—ayes 63, noes 54. House will vote down all propositions bearing

the name of relief, at the present session. The House again went into committee of the whole, Mr. Watts in the chair, on the bill to apportion the State into Congressional districts .-Various substitutes and amendments were offerone of a formidable character was presented,'covering the entire Western portion of the State (six districts.) The Locos of that region, from the Blue Ridge out, had concocted it to suit themselves, and when they got that secured, they presented an unbroken phalanx against all who were discontented. The writer of this denounct their destiny from the hands of Santa terment is given by a Paris paper: "A to customers. ed it, as transferring the power from the whole Anna. House to a party, and thereby allowing a sectional combination to overrule all opposition .-For himself, he preferred to trust the interests of the entire body, and not to a part, who, when 1500 to 1800.] satisfied themselves, cared for no other interest. Party feeling prevailed, however, and the amend-

## NAVAL COURT MARTIAL.

The Court Martial for the trial of Commander Mackenzie was duly organized on Thursday last, all the members being present-

The Judge Advocate first read the letter of the Secretary to the President, enclosing the precept ordering the Court to convene. He then read the precept detailing the officers to comprise the Court, and also letters excusing three of the officers first detailed, and substituting others in their stead.

He then asked Commander Mackenzie if he was ready for trial, to which he replied in the affirmative, and in reply to the usual question of whether he had any objections to any members of the Court, the repled "None whatever." The Judge Advocate then administered

the usual oath to the various members, after which the President administered the oath to the Judge Advocate.

The charges were then read by the Judge Advocate—they are five in num-1st. Murder on board a United States

vessel on the high seas. To this there are three specifications, charging Commander Mackenzie with having, without form of law, wilfully, deliberately, and with malice afore!hought, hanged Philip Spencer, Samuel Cromwell, and Elisha Smell, on the 1st of December.

Charge 2d. Oppression. The specifications to this charge are the same as to the first, excepting that they charge Commander Mackenzie with having, without good and sufficient cause, and without form of law, oppressively killed,

by hanging, &c. Charge 3d. Illegal punishment. These specifications charge him with having exceeded the limits of his authority, by hanging &c.

Charge 4th. Oppression. The specification alleges that Commander Mackenzie did behave in an unofficerlike and unfeeling manner, by addressing The Raleigh Register says the session was taunting and unofficerlike language to Phillip Spencer, just previous to his exe-

Charge 5th. Cruelty and oppression. der Mackenzie did oppressively and cru- thirty, or thereabouts, on joint ballotelly use and maltreat the crew of the Somers, and inflict upon them cruel and measure—the Loco Foco Legislature adword of his age. Few men ever commanded panding its powers, watching its development, more universally the warm affection of any comand cultivating the heart, mind, and manners of

To these, Commander Mackenzie said that he admitted the execution of Spencer, council, which was granted, and John clude or assault persons on that account. Duer and George Griffin, Esqrs. took their

and which he expressed his opinion re- ing doubting that Henry Clay will be, as specting his position. He did not regard he should be, the nominee of that Conhimself as occupying the position of a vention." puble prosecutor before a civil tribunal. On the Fourth day, an application was Melancholy Death .- A child by the in the Methodist Church, on Saturday Evening received from B. F. Butler, and C. O'Connor, name of Brown, about ten years of age, next, at early candle light. One or two gen-Esqs., stating that they had been employed by whose parents reside in Warren city, tlemen, will address the meeting. the relatives of Midshipmen Spencer, to attend Miss., in their abscence, communicated & The public are particularly invited to atthe trial and take part therein, as counsel, if fire to a keg of powder, which blew up Feb 9, 1843. ture deliberation, very properly decided not to grant the application. It would have illy ac-Secretary of War, because of his position, day morning, of apoplexy, and Mr. William Cunningham, one of the oldest merchants Scoles, in behalf of the widew of Cromwell, had of New York expired suddenly of the been made and not granted,

LATE FROM MEXICO.

Confirmation of the Capture of the Texian Army. The rumors of the defeat of the Texians at Mier, veston, are fully confirmed by authentic accounts as far up as the clow, and in a few days after received by a late arrival at New Orleans from Ma- he died from exhaustion although every attentamoras. We quote from the Baz of the 26th ult., tion had been paid to him.

On the 15th December Gen. Ampudia 000 strong, had taken Loredo, and that he leagues distant, on the 22d December .which lasted seventeen hours.

maintained on both sides with determina- the genuine coin .- Philad. Inquir. tion and obstinacy for such a great length of time, the Texians, finding themselves surrounded on all sides, resolved to sur- the Millerite paper published in New render, and finally capitulated on honora- York, refuse to take subscriptions for a and sustained, Mr. Powell of Amherst complain- articles of surrender will not be faithfully of which time their predicted conflagra- under bit in the left, and the letters S. W. on complied with on the part of Mexico. tion is to come off.

The Mexicans report their loss during Resolved, That the committee for courts of wounded. The loss on the part of the function in Iowa for the sin of dancing. Charges, and take it away.

Texians was 11 killed and 19 wounded.— Church out in Iowa for the sin of dancing. Charges, and take it away.

Whereupon her father appeared before Feb. 9, 1843.

JOHN T. COYLE. This may be considered an indication that the ter having exhausted their ammunition. | consists the sin in dancing? the father

their courage and perseverance. Fisher and Green. The Texians were acquitted. - Chiago Democrat. to leave Metamoras on the 15th instant for the city of Mexico, there to await

the above contest is stated at about 260 twenty-four hours' customary delay, was of his constituents to the justice and fair dealing men, and that of the Mexicans at from placed in the coffin, and the funeral pro-

The hour of adjournment having arrived, the committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again. The subject will therefore be party, of whom the oldest was but 17 alive, having only been in a lethargy.—

A M CRIDLER.

The last parted back to her residence The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Mexicans and Texans, in the town of larm, determined on seeing what could and the youngest 14. The last named She was carried back to her residence, (say the New Orleans papers) distingush- but the agitation she suffered caused her ed himself by shooting twelve Mexicans death a few days after." in succession as they were brought up to man the guns. Artillery was at length brought to bear upon the house, which was at once shattered, when the boys attempted to escape to an adjoining one. In them were killed, but the others effected an entrance and recommenced their fir-

> A late English paper states that the following distinguished characters have come show in Cork, and Sir Richard Musgrave, before a large number of spectators. In WHISKEY Is don't not be to b Dublin more than six hundred ladies, cts. and bbls. at 19 a 193 cts. headed by the Counters of Clannicarde, have joined the cold water army. Old Ireland is doing well for the temperance

RENEGADE DEMOCRATS. - The Globe has issued a proclamation declaring that tion of elegant bridal cake, and as they have shewn all Democrats who accept office under by this kind token, that the printer was remembered this Administration, are "renegade Dem- amid the joyous festivities attendant upon such oceaocrats." Of course the principle will apply to all Democrats who remain in office state, may never have an end—may the fair visions -all who have applied or are applying they have of prosperity and happiness never fade for office-and all democrats, whether may not one ingredient of misery ever drop in their Of course, every Democrat in office will spicy groves, summer clouds above, and vernal resign forthwith-and every applicant breezes revelling sround. withdraw his papers! Unless they do this, they will be kicked out as soon as the daughter of Mr. George Folk, decid—all of this Globe and Mr. Benton arrive again at the county. head of affairs.

The North Carolina Legislature adjourned on the 28th of January, past .the longest ever held in North Carolina, Mr. John W. Gallaher of this town. and that 'no provision has been made for the public necessities-nothing, absolutely nothing, has been done to promote the The specification alleges that Comman. common interest. With a majority of with the numerical strength to pass any

The Massachusets Senate, (Loco Foco,) the mass of the community.

has passed a bill providing that Railroad In Romney, on the 29th ultime, Mrs. Elea-Small and Cromwell, but as it was justinas passed a only providing that Railroad field and rendered necessary by the circumstances attending it, he would plead cumstances attending it, he would plead commodations of presentations of presentatio not guilty, to all the charges. He also of passengers on account of color, and marespectively asked leave to be assisted by king it a penal offence in agents who ex-

The Judge Advocate then stated to the court that in reference to the fourth charge, he begged to state that he would prepare and present to the court to-morrow, a paper showing why he should not take tesper showing why he should not take the should not timony on that charge until he had pro- own district, and who in this case, seems cured the opinion of the Attorney General. to be wounded in the house of his friend. The Judge Advocate next read a paper, All agree to a Convention, and all, noth-

Sudden Deaths .- Lieutenant Stockion, corded with the spirt of our institutions, to have of the Navy a brother of Capt. R. Stockyielded—and thus heal the personal griefs of ton, died suddenly in Philadelphia on Fri-Market-house, with twenty-six rounds of blank the Secretary of War, because of his position, day morning, of apoplexy, and Mr. William cartridges, and fire arms in good order. The Be same disease on Priday.

A man whose name is not well known, some days since went into the bare of Capt. Hummell, of Penn Township, Union County, Pa., and before he could be provented, grasped a handful of straw and thrust hand and all into the Thresh-The rumors of the defeat of the Textans at Mier, ing machine, which was then in crotion. Before which were brought by the last accounts from Gal-

A man died in Chester County a few received a despatch from Gen. Woll, in- days since from Glanders, produced from forming him that the Texians, 800 or 1,- bleeding a horse afflicted with the disease.

the northern route towards Matamoras .- stroyed by fire on the morning of the 25th talions of sappers and miners in quest of tinctly heard, after all hopes of its rescue

A body of Texians, under the command Counterfeit Mexican Dollars .- The paof Colonels Fisher and Green, had, in pers state that there are a great many ly superior to the burisps. the mean time, crossed the river and at- counterfeit Mexican dollars in circulation. tacked the town in the night. The Mexi- particularly in our large cities. Several immediately went to the assistance of have been tested and found to be only the city, when an engagement took place good on the outside, being made of Ger- cle, for any quantity over seventy-five businels, man silver, plated by the newly discov- which will be furnished of best quality and low-Every house and street was desperate- ered magnetic process. They look new, est rates, at short notice ly defended. After the battle had been and can be detected by a comparison with

The Editors of the "Midnight Cry,"

this engagement at 420 killed and 130 IMPORTANT DECISION.-They lately wounded. The loss on the part of the undertook to deal with a sister in the skill of the Texians in the use of fire- the deacons and propounded the followarms, and the surrender of the invading ing questions. Is it any sin to hear muarmy after so elight a loss would lead us sic? or is it any sin to jump up? Certo suppose that they only surrendered af- tainly not, the deacon replied. Wherein Thompsonian Medicines, Peters', Brandreth's, The success of the Mexicans, after suf- asked. To which the deacon replied, it fering so severely, speaks favorably of consists in jumping up to the time of music. At this stage of the proceedings, General Ampudia returned to Mata- the young lady begged leave to introduce moras on the 7th January, and was re- the testimony of her musicians and comed, and most of them voted down. But at last ceived by the citizens with great rejoic- panions, who testified that she never kept ings and applause. He brought with him time, and could not any way she could 212 Texian prisoners, including Colonels fix it. Whereupon she was triumphantly

> The following instance of premature inmidwife of the commune of Paulihan had The force of the Texians engaged in apparently died, and her body, after the placed in the coffin, and the funeral pro-cession proceeded to the place of inter- will be passed over the road on Sunday. ment. During the wav the bearers felt At the recent bloody fight between the something stirring in the coffin, and, in a-

THE MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE BALTIMORE AMERICAN, ? Feb. 6, 5 P. M. 5 CATTLE-The offerings of Beef cattle at the act of entering the window two of the Scales to-day embraced about 400 head, ing upon the artillery men, which they continued until they were ordered by their commander to desist.

HIGHER CLASSES.—

is equal to \$4.50 a \$6 net. A new head of the superior quality brought higher prices.

FLOUR.—We note a further decline in Howard'st. Flour, sales having been made on Saturday from store at \$3,622. To-day the market is inactive, and holders are offering to sell freely in inactive, and holders are offering to sell freely in inactive. is equal to \$4.50 a \$6 net. A few head of very Young Hyson Tea, 621, Best Imperial \$1,00.

at \$3,622 without finding buyers. We quote the wagon price at \$3,50. GRAIN-We hear of no sales of Wheat, and nobly forward and signed the tee-total quote as before nominally at 70 a 80 cts. for pledge. The Earl of Erne, at the cattle good to strictly prime reds. The last sales of

WHISKEY-Is dull. We quote bhds. at 18 MARRIED.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Douglass, Mr. John H. Allstadt, to Miss Cathabine Jane, only daughter of the late Mr. George Pultz, near Smithfield. [Accompanying the above, we received a due por come well recommended. Inquire at the sions, we, in turn, hope that the "honey moon"

members of Congress or not, who have cup of happiness, to mar or extinguish their golden applied for the appointment of their expectations; but their bright hopes of bliss be friends. What's sweeping denunciation! ever on the increase-may all their walks be midst

On the same evening, by the same, Mr. James A. Ossoun to Miss Jame Burn, daughter of Mr. Jas. Burr, Sen .- all of this county.

On Wednesday morning the 8th instant, Ro BERT James, aged 2 years and 2 months, son of Sleep on sweet babe and take thy rest, God call'd thee home, he thought it best: In thee there's no offence been given,

Sleep on, thou hast a home in Heaven.

On the 28th ultimo, in Romney, Hampshire county, Va., Dr. Robert Newman, in the 73d charge, of training the youthful mind, of excruise, between the 30th September and proposition to better the condition of the and generous to a fault. As a physician, he assistance,) pledge herself to faithful exertions was eminently successful, and commanded, for in the arduous, but delightful employment. a long period of years, the entire confidence of

Notices.

Temperance Convention HENRY CLAY .- A letter from Wash- ON THE 22nd OF FEBRUARY.

DANIEL GOLD, PHILIP SHERER, JAMES M. GRAHAM, P. WILLIAMS. Winchester, Feb 9, 1843.

TEMPERANCE -A meeting of th

Attention, Artillery! 70U are ordered to parade on Wednes the 22d of February instant, in front of the

By order of the Captain.
D. COCKERELL, O. 8-

Dissolution.
THE Co-Partnership heretefore existing between the undersigned, under the name of FLORE & KEYES, in the Mercentile Business, at Berryvilla, was this day dissolved by

mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are respectfully requested to settle and pay to Hun-PHREY KEYES, who is authorized to receive all debts due said firm-and all persons having claims against said firm will present them to him for payment, he having to pay all liabilities. JAMES FLORE, HUMPHREY KEYES.

Berryville, Feb 4, 1843 ( Winchester "Republican" and "Virginian insert 3t. and forward bills to El. Keyes.

New Goods. HAVE just received one case of Prints, of On the receipt of this intelligence, Gen. ult., and a child three years of age, perbeautiful Gingham style, which will be sold bouse formerly occupied by John T. Cookus, beautiful Gingham style, which were purchased for cash! and would re-

Negro Clothing. PENITENTIARY PLAIDS, 4-4 and 7-3 Os-naburg, heavy twilled do. for pants, great-Cumberland Coal. R. F. BECKHAM, at Harpers-Ferry, will

transmit orders to us for the above arti-ATKINSON & HAZLEHURST. Cumberland, Md., Feb. 9, 1843.-2m.

Stray Steer. E, the undersigned, have this day viewed and appraised an Estray STEER, shewn us by James T. Coyle, and find the same to be about five years old, hide color, with white ble terms. It is feared, however, that the longer term than seven weeks, at end back, ear mark grap and under bit in the right, each born. WM. MOORE. WM. DAWES. JOHN GARDNER.

The owner of the above named Steer is requested to come forward, prove property, pay

To keep the Doctors off. THE public will bear in mind that I continue to keep a general assortment of and Davies' Pills, Sherman's Cough and Worm Lozenzes,

of every character, and preserving health, is no expected. longer a matter of doubt.

Feb 9, 1843. WM. ANDERSON. IRON. HAVING made arrangements with Musers.
Perdue & Vogdes I am prepared to sup-

ply any demand for Iron in sizes and quantity. Terms for cash per ton the same as at the

Office of the Winchester & Potomac Railroad Company. J. GEO. HEIST, Agent.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb 2, 1843.

LAMBAUGH'S COMPOSITION, DUT up with great care, by Harpers-Ferry, Feb 2, 1843.

CHEAP GROCERIES! DEST Light Brown Sugar at 8 cents Second quality do 7 cents, All other groceries can be had at the same re-A & G W HOLLAND. Jan 12, 1843.

Cooking Stoves, NOR sale at the stors of A & G W MOLLAND. Harpere-Ferry, Jan. 12, 1843.

Fresh Fruit.

RESH Figs, Raisins and Cocoa Nuts, just received at S H ALLEMONG'S. Jan 12, 1843. Cheap Coffee. HAVE just received a fresh supply of tha strong and fine flavored COFFEE, at 124.

Also, 6 Boxes best Bunch Raisins. S H ALLEMONG. Overseer's situation wanted. A SITUATION as an Gverseer, is desired by a man who has a small family—he can

FREE PRESS OFFICE. Printing Office for Sale, CONSISTING of a Super Royal Ramage and in good order. A fount of Burgeois Type, and a fount of Minion, about half worn. The two founts are sufficient to print a large super royal sheet. Also, a variety of display Type.
A good assortment of Job Type, with a variety of fashionable Bordering and Cuts. Also,

Cases, Stands, Chases, Composing Sticks, Galleys, with every thing requisite for a country The above articles have not been in use for some time, and are in good order. The whole will be sold at a great bargain, and a liberal eredit given on part of the purchase money.

THOMAS TRICE.

Williamsport, Md., Feb 2, 1843. MRS TRAWIN'S SEMINARY. THE FOURTEENTH SESSION of this In stitution will commence on MONDAY the 20th inst. With a constantly increasing feeling of the weighty responsibility of this sacred

TERMS:

Tuition in all the English Branches, and weekly in composition; Penmanship, Mental and Practical Arithmetic, History, Geography with the use of the Globes. and the Geometrical Projection of Maps, Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Natural

commodation and Washing 45 00 For the French Language Music (by Mr. Goertz,) per quarter

Use of Piano 2 50 Drawing, and Painting, Mezzotinting, Wax Work in Fruit and Flowers, and Shell Work,

ed, to whose deportment and moral and religious at a triffs above cost. As we want to prepare culture, strict attention will be paid.

Considerable pains have recently been taken to complete the philosophical apparatus, and every exertion is made to render the sciences in broken!

A. E. G. W. HOLLAND. esting, as well as improving. Pupils can be received at any time, but it advantageous to enter at the commencement of

No deduction made for absence except ecount of protracted sickness. Charlestows, Feb. 2, 1843.

ABBLL'S HOTEL Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.

THE LARGE BRICK HOUSE, adjoin-ing the Public Square, and nearly opposite the Post Office. April 28, 1842.

HE LARGE THE HID USES, nearly opposite the Court House.

### NEW STORE.

AM now receiving and opening a NEW and SEASONABLE STOCK or GOODS, in the which were purchased for cash! and would re-

### FINE OPENING!

STOOK OF GOODS FOR SALE ON BASY TERMS.

THE subscriber, desiring to change his business, offers for sale, his ENTIRE STOCK OF GCODS, which consists in part of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Calicoes, and all other articles usually kept in a country store. Being anxious to settle up his business, he will give a great Bargain in his stock, which amounts to about \$2500. The situation of the Store is one of the best in the Valley for a Country Store, there being no other stand nearer than Shepherdstown, that being at a distance of 5 miles The store room in which the goods are, can be had for a term of years, or should the purchaser paid July 9, 1843-\$2400 with interest from prefer, they can be removed.

TERMS will be made easy. Persons desiring any further information will please call on the subscriber at Hardscrabble. Berkeley county, or by letter, address him a Shepherdstown, Jefferson County, postage paid.

I. W. CHAPLINE.

Hardscrabble, Va., Jan. 19, 1843 .- 31

All Persons Indebted, Are earnestly requested to come forward \*\*Are earnestly requested to come forward immediately and settle the same by payment or me as Trustee for Henry Miller, by Sam'l Fahnestock's Vermifuge, note. Some accounts have been standing for All of which may be used without the aid of years, and in justice to myself the accounts must a Doctor, and their efficacy in removing disease be closed, and no further indulgence need be I. W. CHAPLINE.

EDEFOR. HE undersigned has taken out Administra tion, with the will annexed, upon the Estate of JOSEPH T. DAUGHERTY, late of this county, deceased. Persons having claims are requested to produce them to me at my of fice in Charlestown. And those knowing them-Adm'r c. t. a of Joseph T. Daugherty, dec'd. Charlestown, Feb. 2, 1843.

Charlestown & Jefferson County ) Savings Institution, JANUARY 13, 1843. Nall notes due this Institution, a curtailsums exceeding \$50 On sums less than \$50, \$10. Notes not attended to will be placed in suit,

without respect to persons. By order of the Board. FOR RENT, THE Dwelling House and Lot in Charlestown, now in the occupancy of Samuel Stone. Possession given on the first day of Aprile Apply to R. WILLIAMS.

Feb. 2, 1843. For Sale, 20.000 BRICK for cash, by WM. S. LOCK.

WANTED, FEW barrels of Prime Cider Vinegar, for which a fair price will be given in goods,

J J MILLER. Feb 2, 1843.

SPERM OIL. months. DURE Winter-strained Sperm Oil, just received and for sale by J J MILLER. Jan. 19, 1843.

MORRISON'S PILLS. NOTHER supply of this valuable Medieine, just received and warranted genu-

# \$35,294!

Fifteen Drawn Ballots! Alexandria Lottery, CLASS E, FOR 1843. To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., On SATURDAY, the 18th FEBRUARY, 1843.

GRAND CAPITALS. 1 Grand Prize of 835,294 do do - 12,000 do do -5,000 do do -3.000 do · do 2.500 do do 2.000 15 do do do do

&c. &c. &c. &c.

Tickets \$10: Shares in proportion. 30,000 DOLLARS.

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY.

CLASS F, for 1843.

To be drawn at Alexandria, D. C., On SATURDAY the 25th of FEBRUARY, SCHEME. 1 Prize of 30,000 Dollars 10.000 Dollars 5.000 Dollars 3.500 Dollars 3,000 Dollars 2,500 Dollars 1.995 Dollars 2 " 1,500 Dollars 30 11 1,000 Dollars

250 Dollars

14 50 teries, -address J. G. GREGORY & CO. MANAGERS.

WASHINGTON CITY. Come one, come all: A LL persons, far and near, are advised to call on the subscribers, and look at the Several additional Boarders can be receive spiendid lot of WOOLLEN GOODS, going off broken! A. &. G. W. HOLLAND.
Harpers Ferry, Feb. 2, 1843.

> Fresh Cow for Sale, with a R I will give choice of two others without Calves.
>
> G. W. SAPPINGTON. Jan. 26, 1843.

TRUST SALE. B) virtue of a Died of Trust executed by Dr. John Locke, of record in Jefferson County Court, the undersigned, will offer for sale, before the door of the Court-house of Jef-

fereon County, on the Third Monday in Februmy next, (being Court-day.) a Tract Of prime Jefferson Land,

Brick Building, and all usual and convenient Out-build ings. Fifty acres of the land are well sceded down in Wheat, and a considerable portion of it well set in timothy merdow. About 15 Acres are in thrifiy timber; the remainder Milch Cows, Young Cattle, being all arable land, clear of rock sad brakes, Some 10 or 12 Fat Beeves, of unsurpassed fertility, in firm heart and the which were purchased for cash? and would be specifiedly call the attention of the public to them, as I am determined to sell very cheap for Rail Road, and accessible from Baltimore in five or to punctual customers upon a credit of or six hours. The farm is about equi-distant or to punctual customers upon a credit of or six hours. The farm is about equi-distant or six hours. herdstown-being about 5 miles from either place; within about 3 miles of the Chesaneake and Ohio Canal, and about the same distance from the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry turnpike. A similar tract of land adjoining and containing the like number of seres, originally part of the same tract, belonging to Coi. Edmund P. Hunter of Berkeley, may be obtained upon rea-

sonable terms. Both farms are well watered-the former having a never-failing pump near the house, and the latter an abundant stream running through it.
The titles are indisputable. Possession will be given of the premises on the 1st day of

March next. TERMS-So much of the purchase money July 9, 1842, till paid; to be paid July 9, 1844and the residue to be paid July 9, 1845, with in-terest from the time of sale; for the deferred payments bonds and approved personal security, or a deed of trust upon the land.

WM. C. WORTHINGTON, Dec 1, 1842. Beltimore American, and Frederick Examiner, insert the above lawts.

TRUSTEE'S SALE Strider and Nancy his wife, on the Sth day of April, 1835, for the purposes therein mentioned.

I will proceed to sell, at public vendue, for ready money, before Carter's Hotel in Charleslown, on the 16th day of December next, All that Tract of Land

POSTPONEMENT. The above sale has been postponed to day the 20th ) W.I. LUCAS, Trustee.

Trustee.

Nov. IC 1842.

Dec 22, 1842.

TRUSTEES' SALE. BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed by Nathaniel Myers, and of record in Jeffer-

The Lot of Ground conveyed by said deed, being part of Lot No. 54, as designated by the raap of Charlestown .-It contains one-eighth of an acre, and has upon it a comfortable and convenient TWO-STORY

Brick Dwelling House, with other convenient buildings on the day of sale cash—the balance in six county court of Jefferson,) for the purpose

next. The title is believed to be indisputable WM. C. WORTHINGTON, GEORGE ISLER,

SALE OF TOWN PROPERTY.

In pursuance of a decree of the County Court of Jefferson County, litting in Chancery, in a friendly suit between the heirs of Joseph Smith, dec'd, the subscriper appointed by the ments on the said lot and the building and improve-Smith, dec'd, the subscriper, appointed by the ments on the said lot, and the appurtenances to Court a Special Commissioner for that purpose, will proceed to sell, at public auction, on Saturday the 11th day of February next, in front of D. Entler's Hotel in S'epherdstown, a certain

HOUSE & LOT, in said town, situated upon Prince Street, for-merly the property of said Joseph Smith, dee'd. Rail Roads,) now in the occupancy of Terms of Sale .-- One-fourth cash in hand, and Mr. Eli H. Carrell, and may well be the other three-fourths in two equal annual payments with interest from day of sale.

HENRY BEDINGER, JR, Jan. 19, 1843. : Commissioner.

NOTICE. HE subscribers take his method of inform-ing the citizens of Charlestown and sur-300 ERY. Having become by practical experience acquainted with all the duties relating to the business, they feel no besitation in asserting that they will be able to give entire satisfaction -All work entrusted to there, will be warranted to be sound, and executed in a workmanlike manner, and according to directions. As to price, their work shall be done as low as any others in the county will to it for—and punctuality and despatch will always be ensured.—
Those who need any new work in this line, or the repairing of old buildings, are invited to give

One-half the amount of any work exeuted will, if desired, be taken out in Country Produce, at the market price.

DAVID H. COCKERELL,

JACOB W. HAINES. Jan. 26, 1843. TIMELY NOTICE!

HOSE persons who have failed to lift their notes, given to the undersigned for the hire of the slaves belonging to the estate of John Griggs, dec'd, are hereby notified that unless payment be made on or have the 15th day of February next, they will be put in the hands of the proper efficers for collection. Longer indulgence cannot be given, as I am under the necessity of settling my administration account. necessity of settling my administration account river, and adjoins the Shannondale Furof said estate, at the next Superior Court.

RICHARD GILLIAMS, Adm'r within a few years past and is deemed. Jan. 26. 1843. of John Griggs, dec'd.

15 00 Do do 25 quarter do 32

CUMBERLAND, MD.,

For Tickets and Shares or Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lot
the Depots on the Baltimore and Obio whole Tract be sold, the balance of the purchase Rail Road, at the shorter notice and lowest money to be paid in equal payments at one, two rates They will also furnish GRATES and COAL security or deed of trust STOVES of various patterns, or any description of CASTINGS, from their Foundry, with

despatch and upon reesonable terms. Persons favoring them with orders may rely upon having them executed to their satisfaction. Dec. 1. 1942 .- 2m. CASH FOR NEGROES. WILL at all times give the highest prices

in C-18H, for likely young NEGROES, of both sexes, from ten to twenty-five years of age. Persons having likely servants to dispose of, will do well to call on me at my residence, in Charlestown; and any communication in writing will be promptly attended to.

WM. CROW.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

Personal Estate. Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

Charlestown, Jefferson County,

All the Stock, Farming Implements, Grain, &c., On said Farm, consisting of Several good Work and Harness Horses, Hogs, a fine Flock of Sheep,

and 60 to 80 acres of Wheat in the ground, well put in. Two NEGRO MEN, first-rate Farm hands, and a BOY.

Also-A YOUNG MAN to be hired The Cattle are chiefly of that approved milking breed the Aurshire and umongst them is a beautiful Imported Ayrshire Bull, some 6 or 7 years old.

TERMS-For the grain all sums of \$20 and under cash; for the stock, &c., \$5 and under cash. On all sums over these, a credit of nine as may be necessary to defray the expenses of the Trust and of the sale, and to pay \$1000 the interest from July 9, 1842, cash—\$2400 with interest from July 9, 1842, till paid; to be paid punctually at the day.

Also—At the same time and place, I will offer at public sale, THE FARM of the said Joseph T. Daugherty, situated as above mentioned, on the Smithfield Turnpike road, 3 miles from Charlestown, consisting of three adjoining parcels, containing in all about 230 acres of first-rate limestone land, with a fine stream of water passing through, or accessible lo every field.

The improvements consist of a good and substantial S TO N E DWELLING-HOUSE, containing five or aix rooms, of ample dimensions, Kitahen and other necessary Out-buildings, a never-failing well of good water, Corn house, Wagon sheds, and sufficient stables, in The first tract, on which the buildings are, con-

tains about 150 acres, of which 25 acres are in Lying in the county of Jefferson, State of Vir- timber. In this tract, the estate of Mr. Daughginia, adjoining the lands of John Peacher, erty, and now to be sold, coasists of two undi-William Smallwood, and the heirs of Francis vided third parts in fee, and an estate for the Moore, being the same conveyed to the said life of the widow of the late George Washing-Samuel Strider by Henry Strider, by deed, dated ton, in the other third part, (the reversion being to Forge. For smaller quantities on the usual terms selves to be indebted will save trouble, by tento customers.

WM. ANDERSON.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb 9, 1843.

MICHAIN SAMUEL STREET, SAMUEL STREET, OF GEORGIAN CONTROL OF CONT set forth in the deed of frust, which is duly re- and the lands of Col. Braxton Davenport-Las corded in the Clerk's Office of Jefferson coun-ty, Va. WM. LUCAS, The third tract a small lot in fee-of about

> the rail road, and separated from the others by the turnpike road. These several parcels of land will be sold Mall notes due this Institution, a curtailment of 30 per cent. will be required on the First day of the February Court, (being Monment of 30 per cent. will be required on the First day of the February Court, (being Monment advisable on the day of sale. most advisable, on the day of sale. Terms of sale of Land-One-third in hand, and the other 2-3rds in 3 equal annual instalments from the day of sale, with interest from that day, payable annually ; the after payments to be

8 acres, lying between the turnpike road and

secured by bond and approved security-and a deed of trust on the premises. son County Court, the undersigned will offer for sale, before the Court House door of Jefferson County, on Monday the 20th day of February next, day, Friday the 24th of February, before the deor of Abell's Hotel, in Charlestown.

AND KENNEDY. Adm'r c. t. a. of Jos. T. Daugherty, dec'd. Feb 2, 1843.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY. Terms—So much as rapy be necessary to pay the charges and expenses of carrying the Trust into execution, and to pay the debt secured by the Trust, which debt amounts to \$490 10 cts. Trustees, (and of record in the office of the nonths.

Securing certain debts therein mentioned to Possession given on the 1st day of April Michael Foley, G. B. Wager and others, we shall offer at public sale, on the premises, in Saturday the 14th of January next, at 2 o'clock P M. a certain LOT OF LAND, lying and being in the town of Harpers-Ferry, Jeffersen county, Va. known and designated on the plat of the lands of John Wager, dec'd, as No

> the same in any wise belonging or appertaining. This Property embraces a part of thes BRICK HOTEL.
>
> (At the junction of the two described as the most eligible business house at Harpers-Ferry. It is new, commodious, and in excellent condition, and yields a handsome rent.

balance in payments to be made known on the rounding country, that they have entered into will convey only such title as is vested in them co-partnership for the purpose of conducting, in by the deed of trust above recited, which, how all its branches, the business of HOUSE-JOIN- ever; is believed to be indisputable. WM. C. WORTHINGTON, JOHN C. UNSELD,

Nov 17, 1842.

TERMS-One thousand dollars in hand-the

The sale of the above property has been ostponed till S.A T URDAY the 18th day March next. WM. C. WORTHINGTON, JOHN C. UNSELD. Jan. 19, 1843. TRUST SALE. A cuted by Thomas H. Perdue and wife; and admitted to record in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Jefferson, on the 16th day, of October, 1837, the undersigned will offer for

POSTPONEMENT.

sale, at public auction, before the Court-house door of Jefferson county, on Monday the 20th; The Tract of LAND

valuable.

Atkinson & Bazichurst, TERMS.—The amount of the expenses of

DANIEL MCPHERSON, WM. C. WORTHINGTON, Jan 19, 1843. Trustees NOTICE. DO NOT permit my Slaves to deal with Millers, Merchants, or other Persons on my

account, without written authority.
GEO. W. HUMPHRETS. Jan. 26, 1843-31. Negro BOY for Hire,

POR SALE in Charlestown; and any communication in writing will be promptly attended to.

January 5, 1843.—1f.

January

> National Historical Park Microfilm Collection

Harpers Ferry

THE FREE PRESS TWO DOLLARS & PIPTY CENTS

PER ANNUM. Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be received as payment in full, if paid entirely in

Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year, interest will be charged Subscriptions for six months, \$1 25, to be paid invariably in advance. ADVERTISIN.

The terms of advertising are, for a square less \$1, for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents pe square. All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

#### Variety.

WINTER. Mary Howitt has beautifully described the contrast between the rich and the poor at this season of the year : In rich men's halls the fre is piled.

And forry robes keep out the weather ; In poor men's buts the fire is low, Through broken panes the keen winds blow And old and young are cold together. Oh, poverty is disconsolate!

Its pains are many, its foes are strong; The rich man, in his jovial cheer, Wishes 'twas winter all the year ; The poor man, 'mid his wants profound, With all his little children round, Prays God that winter be not long "

Robert Tanzehill, a Scotch poet, is the author of a pretty little epigram on Woman : Nature, impartial in her ends. When she made men the strongest, In justice then to make amends, Made woman's tongue the longest.

The Montrose, Pa. Register, has commenced chronicling in a "black list" his can be discerned at once, even before in use. delinquent or absquatulating patrons .- Their utility consists in the fact that they do No use, Mr. Register; better strike them not consume as much wood as otherstoves, and all parts of it can be occupied at the same time quietly from your books. The individual in baking, cooking, boiling, roasting and washwho is mean enough to cheat the printer ing. We take pleasure in recommending the out of his hard earnings for two or three | above store to the public, as we are convinced years, is hardly conscious of the feelings that they require much less wood and labor of shame. While your publication fails than is generally required, and it is decidedly people with whom he is connected may may think proper to call and examine it. have their feelings wounded thereat; and the vain attempt to recover a bad debt, will only loose you, perhaps, valuable customers .- Harrisburg Telegraph.

Good advice, nevertheless, and such as we have been governed by in such cases. It is settled that any man who is despicable enough away's Cooking Stoves, and considers it for suto sneak of knowing himself inde't d for his perior to any other that he has ever seen or newspaper, cares as little about his name ap- used. All culinary operations can be going on pearing in the printer's black list as he would at at the same time that the oven is used for hakbeing caught with a black sheep on his back, ing. There is a decided saving of labor, time, provided he could escape the penitentiary, or and fuel, thus combining to the housewife what any other punishment, for the offence.

them snuff; when they sneeze their scales house, where I am testing practically its utility.

The editor of the Richmond, La. Compilers says, "Our town is without a tailor or a shoemaker—there is not a pound of Right to sell the above Stoves in Jefferson nails, a bed-cord, plowline, or a candlestick for sale in the place."

Rather Cool .- The snow is frozen so the undersigned can also be found. hard in New Hampshire, that the sleigh runners strike fire as they pass over it!-If any body knows of a colder place, we should like to lend them our algormetre, just invented, which measures down several degrees below ever so cold.

that the planet Venus can now be seen with the naked eye. It was espied by the Millerites, a few days since, who, we understand assembled with spy-glasses to in the arducus, but delightful employment. see if they could discover other stars in the heavens. One old lady, on looking through the glass, canted it a little too much, and gaping with amazement, exclaimed-Gracious Heaven, what did I language, with daily exercises in parsing, reading an extended sign in the street.

'Mother our Sal has had a fit! 'A say a fit?' Yes, dad bought her a new For the French Language pair of shoes, and they fit her adactly.'-Sam, bring me in some wood this minit!

Inquisitive .- "Pa, has lightning got fists?" "No, my child." "I guess it Drawing, and Painting, Mezzohas Pa; for I read in the paper that it struck a man and knocked him down.

A Modest Young Lady - A young lady once remarked that there was but one word in the Bible she wished altered - culture, strict attention will be paid. and that was in the passage, "Whosoever shall smite thee on thy right cheek, turn to him the other also." She would have teresting, as well as improving. the word smite changed to kiss.

A young man of good standing recently proposed honorable marriage to a young lady of the west, when he received for an answer. "Get out, you nasty dirty feller! Do you think I'd sleep with a man? I'll tell your mother."

[St, Louis Ledger. "I have made a bull, sir," said Pat. "What do you call a bull?" "Why, I castled to. "Why will be promptly at tended to. "HUGH GILLEECE."

put the right hand boot on me lift hand tended to. leg, and sure that's a bull," returned Pat. We can't see much of a bull in the transaction, but there were certainly a «couple of big calves.

TOM MARSHALL, AND THE BARREL .-The western papers tell the following anecdote:-"An opponent of this gentleman, some few years since, exhibited his political gagging by informing the crowd, which he was addressing, that his father was a cooper, and bad made many a barrel for them. Tom, in reply, indulged in the following strains: 'Fellow-citizens, I have 'no doubt that Mr. P.'s (his opponent's) father was a cooper, a first rate cooper-a glorious cooper-a perfect a good barrel; but fellow-citizens, he made

CASE BOOTS, large sizes, from 10 to 14 one barrel (pointing to P.) in which he forgot to put a good head.""

OLD MAIDS US. YOUNG MAIDS .- Say J. H. Beard & Co's Infallible Vermifuge. what you will of old maids, their love is generally more strong and sincere than that of the young inconsiderate creatures, the public as one of the best and safest remedies for WORMS, ever used, and any person whose hearts viberate between the joys of wedlock and the dissipations of the ball-room. Until the young heart of a woman is capable of setting firmly and exclusively on one subject, her love is like a Mey thower, which makes rain-bows, but fills no cisterns.

dies for WORMS, ever used, and any person using the Vermifuge, and not being satisfied with using the Vermifuge, and not being satisfie

It is said that a lazy woman is always depositful one. This is true, for she delicated beneat the expects to get along the store of J B PACKETT

#### HATHAWAY'S PATENT ROT-AIR

COOKING STOVES. N comparing this with all other COOKING STOVES, the following advantages will be

The fire being in the upper part of the stove. the boilers come in immediate contact with it; consequently much less fire is necessary, and they boil in less time. The oven being the whole size of the stove bakes double the quantity of other stoves. The heat is so equally diffused on all its;sides, that it bakes bread, &c. as well as a brick over. By means of the damper the best may be driven through flues around the oven, which not only regulates the heat of the great advantage to purchasers is, that all Stone oven but also the draft of the stove. This stove is so constructed that no inside plates come in immediate contact with the fire; consequently they are not likely to get out of repair.

For information in relation to the utility of the stove, I would respectfully refer the public above articles can be shewn the list of prices to the following respectable gentlemen of this and the different plans. He will also forward county, who have the stove in use, and who I any orders, epitaphs, &c., that may be desired. doubt not will do justice to its merits. Dr. M. P. Nelson, | Col. C. Herper,

Benj. T. Towner, John Melvin, George Price, John Walpert, Mr. Billmyre, John T. Cookus, John R. Beall, Esq. Jacob Miller Dr. Hammond, James V. Moore. A. Robinson,

Jacob Lyon, A great number of other names might be added to these, were it deemed necessary, who have within a few months past tested its merits, and who recommend it the more highly the longer they use the stove.

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned having in use for some time past Hathaway's Hot-Air Cooking Stoves, do most cheerfully recommend them to the public as being the most valuable stove extent. The many good qualities which are attached to it, JAMES J. MILLER,

THOMAS-A. MOORE, J. J. H. STRAITH, I N. CARTER. Charlestown, Jan. 26, 1843.

67-The underisgoed has in use one of Hathseveral fires and servants would be required to do. The saving in fuel renders it a matter of A patent, it is said, has just been taken economy-it requires but a trial to ensure a out in Boston for cleaning fish, by giving purchase. Persons desiring to see the Stove in operation can be gratified by calling at my

H. N. GALLAHER. Charlestown, Jan. 26, 1843.

67-The subscriber having purchased the County, Virginia, takes pleasure in offering Persons can see the Stove in operation by calling at the Hotel of Mr. I. N. Carter, where Jan. 26, 1843.

MRS TRAWIN'S

SEREMES. THE FOURTEENTH SESSION of this Institution will commence on MONDAY the 20th inst. With a constantly increasing feeling of the weighty responsibility of this sacred A Sign in Heaven .- It is well known charge, of training the youthful mind, of expanding its powers, watching its development. and cultivating the heart, mind, and manners of her pupils, Mrs. T. can, (trusting only to Divine assistance,) pledge herself to faithful exertions

TERMS: Tuition in all the English Branches, including a critical knowledge of the see?-as true as I am a living soul, and weekly in composition; Penmanship, "J-P-, Baker," in large letters, Mental and Rational Arithmetic, Histo-History, Theoretical and Practical Bo- said William P. Craighill, deceased. months,

Music (by Mr. Goertz,) per quarter

Use of Piano tinting, Wax Work in Fruit and Flowers, and Shell Work,

Several additional Boarders can be received, to whose deportment and moral and religious Considerable pains have recently been taken. to complete the philosophical apparatus, and every exertion is made to render the science in-

Pupils can be received at any time, but it is No deduction made for absence except on account of protracted sickness.

Charlestown, Feb. 2, 1843. Grates! Grates!

DERSONS in want of Stone-Coal GRATES, are requested to call at the Harpers-Farry Iron Foundry, and they can be accommodated to this Court in order to a final decree, &c &c. on reasonable terms.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec'r 22, 1842-tf. Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Fancy Articles, &c.

HE subscribers respectfully announce to the fied to appear before me at my office in Charles receiving a large assortment of the above arti- February next, with their vouchers or other evicles, which they will sell cheap. J H BEARD & CO. Dec 22. Fruits and Confectionary.

A LARGE supply of superior Candy. Also Almonds, Raisins, Filberts, Palm Nues, English Walnuts, Dates, Brandy Peaches, Prunes, Ground Nuts or Peas, Lemons, Oranges, Preserves in Jars, &c. Just received and for sale by
J H BEARD & CO.

Dec 22, 1842.

Boots. T C SIGAFOOSE. Dec 15.

No cure, no pay!

Heavy and strong do. 2 50 Man's Heavy Shoes, 75 Ladies' fine do. 50

Dec. 8, 1842 and a set that send to hand it again as I

Stone Cutting.

VIVILIAM LOUGHRIDGE respectfully informs the citizens of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick, and adjoining counties, who may wish to mark the graves of their ismented dead, that he still continues to make and superscribe Monuments-Box, Column, and plain PROTEIN SILATES

And Head & Foot STONES, OF EVERY VARIETY. Having purchased an extensive QUARRY of

the most beautiful White and Variagated No. IR-BLE, and an extensive water power to saw and polish with, his prices will be LOW. One LETTERING nearly executed.

By application to Mr. Horatio N. Gallaher Charlestown, those who may desire any of the Or, by addressing him, at Leitersburg, Washington county, Md., orders can be filled without cost of a quarter of a dollar!

IN BANKRUPTCY. OTICE to Creditors, and all others con-cerned in interest, to shew cause against

the Petition of-No. 1380. Frederick A. Briscoe of Jefferson county, to be declared a Bankrupt on Tuesday the 28th day of February next. No. 1381. William A. B. Welsh of Berkeley county, to be declared a Bankrupt on Tuesday the 28th day of February next. No. 1382. Thomas Strider of Jefferson coun-

28th day of February next. Teste, NICH'S K. TROUT, Feb 2, 1843.-20d. D. Clerk. United States' District Court, Western District of Virginia, Staunton. IN BANKRUPTCY.

ty, to be declared a bankrupt on Tuesday the

OTICE to Creditors, and others concerned in interest, to shew cause against the Peti-No. 1198. Proverbs Butt of Jefferson county, for a discharge from all of his debts and a certificate thereof, on the 1st day of May next.

Teste. NICH'S K. TROUT, D. Clerk. Feb. 2, 1843.—11t.

VIRGINIA, TO WIT.

In the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery of Jefferson County, on the 30th day of May, 1842: Wm. Grove and Richard Duffield, PLAINTIFFS,

AGAINST David Potts, John Potts, Jonas Potts, William Potts, John H. Alstadt and from the nerves or bilious. Hundreds of families Mary Ann, his wife, John W. Gard- and using it with great joy. Adm'r of John Griggs, dec'd, Robert Jefferson County, and as such Administrator de bonis non of Nathaniel Craighill, dec'd, and of William Ves- Try it. Bear this in remembrance. DEFENDANTS. tall, dec'd,

IN CHANCERY. EXTRACT.

AND under the foregoing principles, the Court doth adjudge, order, and decree, that this case be referred to Edward E. Cooke commissioner of this court, to examine, state and settle the accounts between the parties in the following manner:

1st. The commissioner will report the balance lue to the complainants on account of their payments to the United States in the Bill and proceedings mentioned, after crediting thereon the ent Grove, as administrator of said Craighill, as stated and settled by final decree of this Court. in the case lately depending therein, brought by the heirs and distributees of said William P.

Craighill, against said administrator. And 2d. That he examine, state and settle the account of Richard Williams, administrator of John Griggs, deceased, and report whether printed in the skies! Truly, he is a holy ry, Geography with the use of the Globes, the said estate in the hands of said administraman!' The glass had been brought so and the Geometrical Projection of Maps, | tor is solvent, and sufficient to pay the sliquot low, that the zealous old lady had been Chemistry, Natural Philosophy, Natural part of said decedent, as one of the sureties o 3d. In the event of the sufficiency of the estate

tany, Mineralogy, &c., per session of 5 of said Griggs as aforesaid, then the commis-\$10 00 sioner will apportion the balance due to the what?' 'A fit.' 'O, murder, did you Accommodation and Washing 45 00 complainants aforesaid, equally, amongst the solvent co-securities, aforesaid, or their repre-5 00 sentatives, parties hereto, viz: The administrator and heirs of William Vestall, deceased, the administrator and heirs of Nathaniel Craig hill, deceased, the said administrator of John 2 50 Griggs, deceased, and the complainants.

4th. In the event of the insufficiency or insolvency of the estate of said Griggs, then the commissioner shall apportion the balance due the complainants as aforesaid, amongst the par-5 00 ties aforesaid, excluding the administrator of

And 5th. The commissioner will also state an amount of the rents and profits of the lands of said Vestall, after deducting the necessary and proper repairs and improvements, which were sold by the Marshal of the United States and purchased by the complainants, whilst the same were in possession of the complainants or those advantageous to enter at the commencement of claiming under them, and deduct the same from the amount apportioned as aforesaid, to the heirs and representatives of said Vestall. And that he inquire and report the value, and the annual value of said land, and of any other descended to the heirs of said Vestall. And that he report all matters specially deemed pertinent by himself, or which he may be required to report by any of said parties, and make report thereof

A Copy-Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk.

Commissioner's Office, JANUARY 19, 1843.

The parties interested in the decree from which the above is extracted, are hereby not public, and their customers, that they are flown, Jefferson county, Va., on the 17th day to dence, to enable me to execute the said decree EDW'D E. COOKE, Cam'r.

> Lambaugh's Composition. THE experience of every day, adds fresh ter timony in favor of Lambaugh's Composit tion, as prepared by YOUNG, establishing lierond doubt, that it is the most certain remeet ever offered for Rheumatic affections. The cost of a package sufficient to make of zallon of the Medicine is small. Why not thy it? It has cured hundreds, and no good reason can be offered why it should not cure you, aif

afflicted with Rheumatism. The genuine article is manufactured by ADAM YOUNG, Jr., Harpers-Ferry And for sale by appointment, by

J. H. BEARD & CO.,

HAVE on hand some super. and extra super.

SYRUP, is at the Drug Store of
J H BEARD & CO.

AND AT

SKILHAM'S Store

VIRGINIA BAGING.

To Families and Invalids. THE following indispensable family remedie

PILES. &C. Are wholly prevented, or governed if the attack has come on, if you use the only true HAY'S LAXI-MANY, from Comstock & Co. All ours and every thing relieved by it that admits of an outer application. It sets like a charm—use it.

Kolmstock's Vermifuge Vill cradiente all Worms in children or adult with a certainty quite astonishing. It is the same a sithat made by Fahnestock, and sells with a rapa-

STARTLING FACTS. fundreds of children and adults are lost yearly

with worms, when some other cause has been suppased to be the true one. It is admitted by all doctors that scarge a man, worken or child exists but what are sooner or later tipished with worms, and in hundreds of cases, sad to relate a supposed fever, scarlatina, cold, or some other ailing, carries off the flowers of the human family—while in truth they die of Worms! and these could have been eradicated in a day, by the

How sickening the thought that these things Plow stekening the mought that the should be—and who can ever forgive themselves for not trying this Worm Exterminator, when they know that even if the case was not worms, this case that even if the case was not worms, this relation to the case was not worms. United States District Court,
Western District of Virginia, Staunton. Let every parent that is not a brute, ask themselves this question in truth and soberness.
Mr. J. C. Ringoun had a child very sick for near

> For sale at the Drug Stores of J H BEARD & CO., Charlestomu. Va. A M CRIDLER, Nov. 10, 1842 .- Iv. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

Rheumatism & Lameness EDOSITIVELY CURED, and all shrivelled museles and limbs are restored, in the old or young, by the Indian Vegetable Elixir and Nerve and Bone Liniment-but never without the name of emstock & Co. on it.

SARSAPARILLA. Comstock's Compound Extract. THERE is no other preparation of Sarsaparilla that can exceed or equal this. If you are sure to others. It does not require puffing.

Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor Saive. cire the piles.

All of the above Family Medicines constantly

kept on hand and for sale, at the Drug Stores of J. H. BEARD & CO., Charlestown, Va. ; A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry, Va. Nov. 10, 1842.-1y. Headache. - Dr. Spohn's Headache Remedy will effectually cure sick heads the, eithe

schools, are prevented or killed by it at once.— Find the name of Comstock & Co. on it, or never

Dr. Bartholemew's Expectorant WILL prevent or cure all incipient consumption soughs and colds if taken in time, and is a delightful remedy. Remember the name, and get Comstock's.

For sale at the Drug Stores of J H BEARD & CO., Charlestown, Va. ; A M CRIDLER, Nov. 10, 1842 .- 1y. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

CONWAY'S MEDICINES. TAKE NOTICE, that Winstow L. Kinder has succeeded the late T. Kidden in the prepara-tion of the CONWAY MEDICINES, and will proceeds of the sale of the land of William hereafter give particular attention to the preparation Price Craighill, deceased, as shewn in the pro- of the following established articles, the celebrity of ceedings in this cause, and the balance due to which precludes the necessity of a re-publication of the estate of said Craighill from the complain- the numerous certificates now in the hands of the

DR. JEBB'S LINIMENT. In enlarged bottles, for rheumatism, chilblai bruises, sprains, numbness, stiffness in the joints, &c. The relief is immediate, and cures frequently in twenty-four hours, although of years' standing and thought incurable. PRICE 37 1-2 cents. DUMFRIES' ITCH OINMENT. This is a safe, certain, and expeditious cure for plication-No danger from taking cold. It does not cury has been taken, this Balsam is sure to countecontain the least particle of mercury, or other dan-gerous ingredient, and may be applied with perfect tone. safety by pregnant females, or to children at the breast. Parce 25 cents a box.

ALBION CORN PLASTER. This Plaster never causes the least pain, although dissolves and draws the corn out by the roots-but gives immediate case as soon as applied. Price 25 Dumfries' Remedy for the PILES. One of the best and most thorough rem

known for this troublesome complaint. Price 75 cents for two boxes, Ointment and Electuary, or 37 1-2 cents for either where but one is wanted. DUMFRIES EYE WATER. This stands pre-eminent for sore or inflamed

25 cents.

Dr. Relfe's Consumptive or Asthmatic of death. During the time her physician frequently PILLS. These inestimable Pills have proved, and are pronounced by numerous persons who have made use of having noticed some extraordinary cures performed them, the best of all the cough medicines in coughs, by the medicine in similar cases. He at once obthem, the best of all the cough medicines have colds, asthma, difficulty of breathing, hoarseness, wheezing, spitting of blood and complaints of the wheezing, spitting of blood and complaints of the He continued giving the midlione for eighteen days;

lungs generally. Price 25 cents.

He continued giving the middeine for eighteen days;
Full and ample directions accompany each of the st that time she was rendered able to be walking Prepared from the original M. S. recipe of Dr friends and relatives. She continued using the above articles. W. T. Conway by W. L. Kidder, immediate suc- medicine for eight weeks, hen she declared her-

special appointment by A. M. CRIDLER

W. L. Kinner on the outside wrapper. MOTHERS,

SPARE YOUR CHILDREN. DR. PARIS' SOOTHING SYRUP, For Children Cutting Teeth.

HIS medicine is used and recommended by relief of those "little, helpless offsprings." As soon as this medicine is used according to the directions, the child is relieved, and recovers medicine one week. After using at strictly six without the painful use of the lancet. No weeks, the patient was rendered able to resume his

is spelled with only one, with several other allete, you may be restored to perfect health. In the last stages there is a consolation found in this medians who sell a counterfeit medicine to base villians who sell a counterfeit medicine to destroy the health and lives of "LITTLE BABES," should meet the contempt of every person that has one drop of paternal humanity Charlestown.

N. B. Those who boy to sell again, will have a reasonable reduction made, by applying at the Drug Store of the subscriber, Main Street, Harpers-Ferry, Va.

ADAM YOUNG:

Some so far as to publish a Soothing Syrup for sale at his store, in his own name, and attaches the Directions, &c. verbatim as that of DR. PARIS. Any individual that will thus rob the Proprietor of that which is secured to him by Harpers-Ferry, Va.

ADAM YOUNG:

IS MARKED in them. One of these "heartless villains" has

35-REMEMBER, the only place in Charles town for the GENUINE DR. PARIS' SOOTHING

Harpers-Ferry. IFPrice 50 Cents. JUST received a large quantity of Virginia

Baging, an excellent article.

A. & G. W. HOLLAND

POR sale by
Dec'r 29, 1842.



DR. DUNCAN'S EXPECTORANT REMEDY,

CONSUMPTION.

Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma. Pain in the Side. Breast and Chest, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Dis-eases of the Liver and Lungs.

IT is a well known fact that Consumption destroys more human lives than any other distwo weeks, and attended by a physician, without ease on record. So great has been the destruction throughout the United States within the Passengers will be taken next day more than forty worms were passed, when last year, ending January 1st, 1842, that Upwards of 7,900 persons died with

This insidious disease in one year. Shocking! Were we not aware that this fact has been carefully ascertained from the records of mortality, we could not credit the assertion. We behold its fatal ravages in families all around us, gathering in its cheerless embrace a friend from every circle, and casting gloom and darkness over its place of visitation. Those occular de- A. M. monstrations must certainly convince all that no time should be spared in procuring a medicine immediately to arrest its fatal progress before it be too late.

move from the system the first evil seed of Con- WILLIAM BUTLER, EDWARD LUCAS, and JOSEPH sumption; and will also restore to perfect McMurran, who will see that every Farmer, or health many of those who have long been con- any other person having Wheat to grind, shall fined to the sick chamber, given up as incurable, have their dues promptly. THE most extraordinary remedy ever invented for the want of a proper Medicine. Agents Having declined purchasing wheat for the for all new or old burns and scalds and sores, and from all parts of the United States speak of the present, we will grind upon the most favorable eyes. It has delighted thousands. It will take wonderful effects of this Great Discovery in the terms possible, being able to make from it all pain in ten minutes, and no failure. It will Healing Art, for rescuing thousands from the Eighty to one Hundred Barrels of Flour, cold and silent grave.

suitable to use under any circumstances. Full prompt supply of empty parrels weekly, there dence that he is not an inhabitant of this coun-

other until you give it a fair trial. All genuine has on the envelope a representation of Hope, in the form of the above plate. ner, Hannah Gardner, Daniel Snyder,
William Little, Richard Williams,
OR THE HAIR, which will stop it if falling some trash of their own stewing, or that which they buy for a trifle, and offer it in the place of clear of all filth, (such as cheat, cockel, rye, Jan. 19, 1843. Adm'r of John Griggs, dec'd, Robert on batt places, and batter of John Griggs, dec'd, Robert of the make it grow rapidly, or on those who have lost of the hair from any cause.

Dr. Duncan's. This they do to speculate at the garlic, or smut,) and weighing sixty pounds to expense and the health of those who are not on the bushel, twenty-one barrels of Flour, and the All Vermin that infests the heads of children in their guard. Pur hasers be careful of these above named quantity of offal; the farmer to At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Cir-

rogues! 83-Price : One Dollar per bottle, or six for \$5. Principal Office, No. 19, N. Eighth Street, Philadelphia. Also, by J. H. BEARD & CO. Charlestown, Dec 15, 1842.-3m.

Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liv erwort,

FROM 375 BOWERY STREET, NEW YORK, FOR the cure of coughs, colds, pain in the side and breast, difficulty of breathing—and all those affections of the throat, lungs and liver, which unarrested terminate in consumption—this Medi-cine is unrivalled.

The following is from the New York Medical

CONSUMPTION. "The surprising effect produced by the genuine Dr. Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort, made at 375 Bowery, in consumptive eases, cannot fail exciting a deep and thrilling interest throughout the world We have so long believed this disease (consumption) incurable, that it is difficult to credit ou senses when we see persons, evidently consumptive restored to health Diseases of the Throat and Lungs are readily cured by the healing Balsam, Taylor's Liverwort Bronchitis, sore throat, catarrh, inflammation of the throat, and all those dangerous and painful diseass

certificates of cures that will satisfy even the incredalous. 375 Bowery street, and is sold by J. P. BROWN.

Druggist, sole agent for Charlestown and vicinity.

Nov. 10, 1842. \_\_ bm.

yield at once to this mild vegetable remedy. If me-

CONSUMPTION. A ND Bleeding at the Lungs, cured by the use Emeline Yeager, aged seventeen years, was taken when at the age of sixteen with a slight cold, which she neglected until the lungs fell a prey to that seek-This stands pre-eminent for sore or inflamed eyes; nothing known gives such immediate and comfortable relief; in some exceedingly bad cases, the most unexpected and desirable relief has been found in the use of this eye water, after every other remedy had failed. Persons who have used it, pronounce it without hesitation the best preparation for how the site of the base ever met with. Price ing destroyer, Consumption, when application to these complaints they have ever met with. Price ton. Her last was anxiously looked for by her called, and as the last resource, determined to test the virtues of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy,

in her bed chamber, to the astonishment of he

cessor to the late T. Kidder, by whom they are for self entirely free from disease and pain, and now sale at his Counting Room, No. 86, State Street, Corner of Merchants' Row, Boston—and also by his Dr. Dunean's Expectorant Remedy, Is performing some of the most wonderful cures on record. Mr. Wm. Pearson, of Delaware Nov 24, 1842.—17. Harpers-Ferry, Va. cures on record. Mr. Wm. Pearson, of Delaware N. B. Each of the above articles will be signed county, Pennsylvania, was taken in the fall of 1840 with a distressing Cough, which daily increased until he became so much reduced in flesh that he was obliged to be helped in and out of bed. His Physicians at length gave up all hopes and pronounced his lungs fatally affected and incurable. In this hopeless situation he was for ten weeks; when a friend of his called to see him, and discovered his awful condition. He immediately procured three bottles of Dr. Duncan's Expectorant Remedy, (havthousands of families for the immediate ing witnessed the effects in a similar case, induced him to procure the medicine,) and gave it according to directions, and to the astonishment of all friends, the patient began to feel better before using the CAUTION—There is a deleterious Soothing
Syrup, put up in plain bottles, and the name of
PARIS spelled with two R's, when the genuine
is spelled with only one with several other al-

Principal Office, No. 19, N. Eighth

treet Philadelehi Street, Philadelphia. Also, by J. H. BEARD, & Co. Charlestown, Dec 22, 1842-3m.

Skirts. GRASS Cloth Skirts, a new article, Corded and Marseilles do., for sale by J H M'ENDREE. Shepherdstown, Nov 3, 1842.

KEYES & EBY. Nov 7 Pepper and Salt. 75 SACKS Ground Alum and Blown Salt,
And one Bag of Pepper,
Just received and for sale by

S'H ALLEMONG.



Notice to Passengers. Reduction of Rates on the Winchester

and Potomac Rail Road. N and after the first day of January inst., the rates of Fare will be--From Winchester to Harpers-Perry
do de and return
From Winchester to Halltown do do do and return From Winehester to Charlestown From Winchester to Cameron's do and return to do do and retion From Winchester to Summit Point

From Winchester to Wadesville or O. Bridge rom Winebester to Stephenson's do and return do and return From Halltown to Harpers-Ferry

From Charlestown to Harpers-Ferry From Camerou's to Harpers-Ferry
do de and return From Summit Point to Harpers-Ferry From Wadesville or O. Bridge to H. Ferry

From Stephenson's to Harpers-Firm 93 For all intermediate distances 5 cents per mile. Passengers who take tickets to go and retur will be allowed the privilege of returning the Passengers will be taken up and set down at any point on the line of the road. The Passenger Cars of the Winchester

Winchester, Jan. 27, 1843. NOTICE TO FARMERS. Therefore you who are afflicted with the first symptoms of a Consumptive or Pulmonary nather POTOMAC MILL near, Shepherdsture, delar not in using Dr. Duncan's Expecto- town, and by agreement placed the whole manrant Remedy; it is certain to eradicate and re- agement and control into the hands of Mr.

for the want of a proper Medicine. Agents | Having declined purchasing Wheat for the twelve hundred pounds of Offal. One-fourth of this to be ship-stuff, or find the barrels for front door of the Court-house, in the said town Caution: There are some persons that sell the offal—and still being more desirous to in- of Charlestown. furnish his own barrels, or if found by us, to

> further state that Flour cha be delivered from here to Georgetown for twenty-five cents per We will furnish any of our customers with Plaster, Salt, &c., upon the most reasonable GEORGE REYNOLDS. terms. July 28, 1842.-tf.

pay for the same in a reasonable time. We

Groceries, for Cash. OHN B. PACKETT has now in store a large and very general stock of fresh GROCEly good, 374. And every thing else in the Groery line to suit the times.

Dec. 8, 1842. J PEASE & SON'S Clarified Essence of Hoarhound Candy.

CENTLEMEN:—I have recently used your Es-SENCE OF HOARHOUND CANEY, with great effect in the cure of those diseases so fatal to children Croup and Whooping Cough.

Children are bad patients, because the nausea of most medicines prevent their taking them with the same mental effect as adults. Your Candy, however, is eagerly taken by children, and I think I may safely consists in proper combination. I should think that n all complaints of the lungs, weakness of limbs, oppressions or other complaints arising originally from a cold and chilled state of the system, your Candy would be found as useful a specific as exists.

I am, gentlemen, your most obedient servent, J. C. DAVIS, M. D. To Messrs. J. Pease & Son. Agents for the sale of the Candy in Charl. vn. Sept. 29, 1842. – 6m.

United States District Court Western District of Virginia, Staunton, IN BANKRUPTCY.

OTICE to Creditors, and all others concern- for two months successively, and posted at the ed in interest, to shew cause against the front door of the Court-house in the said town Petition of-No. 247-Benjamin Ford, of Jefferson county, for a discharge from all his debts and a certificate thereof, on Tuesday the 28th of Febru-

ary, 1843. No. 943-James Shepherd of Jefferson county, for a discharge from all his debts and a cer-tificate thereof, on Tuesday the 28th of Febru-No. 944-Harvey M. Foreman, of Berkeley county, for a discharge from all his debts and a certificate thereof, on Tuesday the 28th of Fe-

Copy-Teste. NICHOLAS K. TEOUT, Dec. 8, 1842 -11w. Dis. Clerk.

The CHEAPEST GOODS ever offered in Harpers-Ferry. THE undersigned continues to receive from their Agent in Baltimore NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK! and have just added to their family should be without this medicine where daily occupation. How many thousands of valuable stock the following articles which they can and there are young children.

A general as-Stock the following seticles which they can and sortment of fine English Cloths, Cassimeres, and Sattinets, Winter Vestings, beautiful patterns, Fur, Cloth, Worsted, Hair and Velvet Caps,

ATTENTION!

A beautiful assortment of Mouslin de Lane, and Cashmere de Lane, Extra heavy Brown Muslins 37 in. wide 8 cents. Thread and Linen Edgings and Insertings Bonnet Silks and Velvets, Trimmings, Cotton Chain, all numbers, 400 sards Crash for Towels, Bird-Eye Diaper, Damask Table Lines, 7-4,

12-4 Linen Sheeting, A general assertment of Shawls. 150 SACKS prime Ground Alum and A quantity of Calicoes, handsome a Beautiful figured Silks, &c. &c. A quantity of Calicoes, handsome and cheap, The public and our friends are remectfully for sale low for cash, at the Charlestown Depot, invited to call and see the articles above menf Jan. 12, 1843.

A & G W HOL, AND. tioned. We know they will give general satis-

At Rules bolden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Clarke county, the first Monday in Ja-Ditary, 1843: Edward E. Cooke, AGAINST

VIRGINIA, to wit:

muel Hughes and Catherine his wife, William H. Fitzhugh and Maria A. his wife, John C. Borsey and Louisa, his wife, John Savoge and Mattaide H. his wife! Catharine H. Brien, J. Maiker Hughes, Napoleon B. Hughes, Henry Highes, Louis M. Hughes, Laurn A. Hughes, end Charles McCormick, IN CHANCERY. DEFENDANTS,

BUE defendants, (except Chas. McCormiek.) not having entered their appearance & given security according to the act of assembly and the 1 00 rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfac-50 tory evidence that they are not inhabitants of 75 this country: It is ordered, That the said defend-50° and do appear here on the first day of the est next term, and answer the bill of the plainntill; and that a copy of this order be forth-25 with inserted in some newspaper published in 374 Charlestown, in the county of Jefferson, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy-Teste, H. H. LEE, Clerk.

Jan. 19, 18 43. VIRGINIA: to wit: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Cir-

Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, John C. Howard and Matthew Wilson, Jr. PLAINTIFFS,

AGAINST John McP. Brien, John Dunn and Wm. DEFENDANTS; Brown,

and Potomac Rail Road Company will here-after start at 84 o'clock A. M. from Winchester. J. GEO. HEIST, Agent.

Jan 5, 1843.

Winchester & P. Rail Road.

N and after MONDAY, the 36th instand, the Passenger Train will start at 8 o'clock.

In the defendant, John McP. Brien, not have ving entered his appearance, and given security seconding to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant appearance is the first ordered. the Passenger Train will start at 8 o'clock, and do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the till of the plaintiffs; and that term, and answer the till of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order, be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two

months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy Teste,
R. T. BROWN, Clerk.

Jan. 19, 1843. VIRGINIA, to wit: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January, 1843: PLAINTIFF, John C. Unseld.

AGAINST Jaromiah Seaman, IN CHANCERY. Per day, which will enable us to grind the pearance, and given security according to Note. The above Medicine is a pure vegeta- Wheat nearly as fast as it comes in this season the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this ble preparation, very pleasant to the taste, and of the year. Having made engagements for a Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidirections &c. are described in a Pamphlet acompanying the Medicine.

Always ask for Dr. Duncan's Expectorant rather than sell. We will give for every hundred and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff, and that a and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff, and that a Remedy, and do not be persuaded to use any dred bushels of Wheat weighing sixty pounds copy of this order be forthwith inserted in to the bushel, twenty barrels of Flour, and some newspaper published in Charlestown, for

> A Copy-Teste, R. T. BROWN, Clerk.

VIRGINIA, to wit: cuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January.

will stand the inspection for all Flonr made by 1843: us either in Baltimore or the District. We will Christian Keener, AGAINST John B. Fitzgerald and Richard B. Fitzgerald partners, under the name and firm of J. B. Fitzgeraid & Company ; and George B. Stephenson and Fontain Beckham, late partners, under the name and firm of Stephenson & Beckham, and the said George B. Stephenson and Fontain Beckham, in

their individual capacities. DERENDANTO, IN CHANCERY. HE defendants John B. Fitzgerald, and Richard B. Fitzgerald, not having entered their ap-RIES, cheaper by far than any offered in this market this seeson. He can seil good brown Sugars, at 5, 7, 8, 9 and 10 cents—good Coffee at 10, best do at 124—Orleans Molasses, real-bitants of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendants do appear here on the 1st day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two of the court-house in the said town of Charlestown.

A Copy-Teste, R. T. BROWN, Clerk. Jan. 19, 1843. VIRGINIA, to wit: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, for Jefferson County, the first Monday

January, 1843 : The President and Directors of the Union Bank of Maryland, pound, under so pleasant a guise. It combines the healing, laxative and tonic, in just proportions, and it is to be recollected that the heauty of medicine said Benjamin and Daniel being partners, under said Benjamin and Daniel being partners, under the firm of Ford & Snyder; Daniel Snyder, Wm. C. Worthington and Andrew Hunter,

DEFENDANTS, IN CHANCERY. H E defendant, Elias Shaw, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this ountry: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted a some newspaper published in Charlestown,

of Charlestewn. A Copy-Teste, R. T. BROWN, Clerk.

Jan. 19, 1343. VIRGINIA, to wit: At Rules hottien in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit. Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson county, the first Monday in January, 1843: Wm. C. Worthington, PLAINTIFF.

Abraham Isler, DEFENDANT. IN CHANCERY. No. 984. Washington Busey of defferson his appearance, & given security according to the county, for a discharge from all his debts and a act of assembly and the rules of this court; and it certificate thereof on Tuesday the 28th day of February next.

No. 9-5. Thomas Lemen of Jefferson county, for a discharge from all his debts and a the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff;

in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the court-house in the said town of Charles-A Copy-Teste, R. T. BROWN, Clerk.

Jan. 19, 1843. VIRGINIA, to wit: At Rules holden in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, the first Monday in January.

John Keller, AGAINST Jacomiah Seaman and Isaac Fouke, DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY. THE defendant, Jacomiah Seaman, not having entered his appearance, and given security of this Court; and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this country: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next term, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in Charlestown, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house in the said town

of Charlestown. ACopy-Teste, ROBERT T. BROWN, Clerk. Aug. 19, 1843.

Selling off Cheap! AM receiving almost daily, some addition to my stock, which enables me to offer at all Andirons.

N hand a few pair new etyle Bronzed Andirons, for sale very low.

Dec 22

E M AISQUITH

Imes something new and seasonable. I am selling at the most astonishing low prices for cash, and those who deal in this way, will feel it their interest to give me an early call.

Dec 8, 1842.

J J MILLER.